

1 STATE OF OKLAHOMA

2 1st Session of the 52nd Legislature (2009)

3 COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE  
4 FOR

5 SENATE BILL 1132

By: Anderson

6 COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE

7 [ partnership - Uniform Limited Partnership Act of  
8 2009 - codification - effective date ]  
9

10 BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA:

11 ARTICLE 1

12 GENERAL PROVISIONS

13 SECTION 1. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified  
14 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 500-101 of Title 54, unless  
15 there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

16 SHORT TITLE.

17 This act shall be known and may be cited as the "Uniform Limited  
18 Partnership Act of 2009".

19 SECTION 2. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified  
20 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 500-102 of Title 54, unless  
21 there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

22 DEFINITIONS.

23 In the Uniform Limited Partnership Act of 2009:  
24

1       (1) "Certificate of limited partnership" means the certificate  
2 required by Section 19 of this act. The term includes the  
3 certificate as amended or restated.

4       (2) "Contribution", except in the phrase "right of  
5 contribution", means any benefit provided by a person to a limited  
6 partnership in order to become a partner or in the person's capacity  
7 as a partner.

8       (3) "Debtor in bankruptcy" means a person that is the subject  
9 of:

10           (A) an order for relief under Title 11 of the United  
11 States Code or a comparable order under a successor  
12 statute of general application; or

13           (B) a comparable order under federal, state, or foreign  
14 law governing insolvency.

15       (4) "Designated office" means:

16           (A) with respect to a limited partnership, the office that  
17 the limited partnership is required to designate and  
18 maintain under Section 14 of this act; and

19           (B) with respect to a foreign limited partnership, its  
20 principal office.

21       (5) "Distribution" means a transfer of money or other property  
22 from a limited partnership to a partner in the partner's capacity as  
23 a partner or to a transferee on account of a transferable interest  
24 owned by the transferee.

1 (6) "Foreign limited liability limited partnership" means a  
2 foreign limited partnership whose general partners have limited  
3 liability for the obligations of the foreign limited partnership  
4 under a provision similar to subsection (c) of Section 38 of this  
5 act.

6 (7) "Foreign limited partnership" means a partnership formed  
7 under the laws of a jurisdiction other than this state and required  
8 by those laws to have one or more general partners and one or more  
9 limited partners. The term includes a foreign limited liability  
10 limited partnership.

11 (8) "General partner" means:

12 (A) with respect to a limited partnership, a person that:

13 (i) becomes a general partner under Section 35 of  
14 this act; or

15 (ii) was a general partner in a limited partnership  
16 when the limited partnership became subject to  
17 the Uniform Limited Partnership Act of 2009 under  
18 subsection (a) or (b) of Section 106 of this act;  
19 and

20 (B) with respect to a foreign limited partnership, a  
21 person that has rights, powers, and obligations  
22 similar to those of a general partner in a limited  
23 partnership.  
24

1       (9) "Limited liability limited partnership", except in the  
2 phrase "foreign limited liability limited partnership", means a  
3 limited partnership whose certificate of limited partnership states  
4 that the limited partnership is a limited liability limited  
5 partnership.

6       (10) "Limited partner" means:

7           (A) with respect to a limited partnership, a person that:

8               (i) becomes a limited partner under Section 29 of  
9               this act; or

10              (ii) was a limited partner in a limited partnership  
11              when the limited partnership became subject to  
12              the Uniform Limited Partnership Act of 2009 under  
13              subsection (a) or (b) of Section 106 of this act;  
14              and

15           (B) with respect to a foreign limited partnership, a  
16           person that has rights, powers, and obligations  
17           similar to those of a limited partner in a limited  
18           partnership.

19       (11) "Limited partnership", except in the phrases "foreign  
20 limited partnership" and "foreign limited liability limited  
21 partnership", means an entity, having one or more general partners  
22 and one or more limited partners, which is formed under the Uniform  
23 Limited Partnership Act of 2009 by two or more persons or becomes  
24 subject to the Uniform Limited Partnership Act of 2009 under Article

1 11 of this act or subsection (a) or (b) of Section 106 of this act.

2 The term includes a limited liability limited partnership.

3 (12) "Partner" means a limited partner or general partner.

4 (13) "Partnership agreement" means the partners' agreement,  
5 whether oral, implied, in a record, or in any combination,  
6 concerning the limited partnership. The term includes the agreement  
7 as amended.

8 (14) "Person" means an individual; corporation; business trust;  
9 estate; trust; partnership; limited liability company; association;  
10 joint venture; government; governmental subdivision, agency, or  
11 instrumentality; public corporation; or any other legal or  
12 commercial entity.

13 (15) "Person dissociated as a general partner" means a person  
14 dissociated as a general partner of a limited partnership.

15 (16) "Principal office" means the office where the principal  
16 executive office of a limited partnership or foreign limited  
17 partnership is located, whether or not the office is located in this  
18 state.

19 (17) "Record" means information that is inscribed on a tangible  
20 medium or that is stored in an electronic or other medium and is  
21 retrievable in perceivable form.

22 (18) "Required information" means the information that a  
23 limited partnership is required to maintain under Section 11 of this  
24 act.

1 (19) "Sign" means:

2 (A) to execute or adopt a tangible symbol with the present  
3 intent to authenticate a record; or

4 (B) to attach or logically associate an electronic symbol,  
5 sound, or process to or with a record with the present  
6 intent to authenticate the record.

7 (20) "State" means a state of the United States, the District  
8 of Columbia, Puerto Rico, the United States Virgin Islands, or any  
9 territory or insular possession subject to the jurisdiction of the  
10 United States.

11 (21) "Transfer" includes an assignment, conveyance, deed, bill  
12 of sale, lease, mortgage, security interest, encumbrance, gift, and  
13 transfer by operation of law.

14 (22) "Transferable interest" means a partner's right to receive  
15 distributions.

16 (23) "Transferee" means a person to which all or part of a  
17 transferable interest has been transferred, whether or not the  
18 transferor is a partner.

19 SECTION 3. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified  
20 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 500-103 of Title 54, unless  
21 there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

22 KNOWLEDGE AND NOTICE.

23 (a) A person knows a fact if the person has actual knowledge of  
24 it.

1 (b) A person has notice of a fact if the person:

2 (1) knows of it;

3 (2) has received a notification of it;

4 (3) has reason to know it exists from all of the facts known to  
5 the person at the time in question; or

6 (4) has notice of it under subsection (c) or (d) of this  
7 section.

8 (c) A certificate of limited partnership on file in the Office  
9 of the Secretary of State is notice that the partnership is a  
10 limited partnership and the persons designated in the certificate as  
11 general partners are general partners. Except as otherwise provided  
12 in subsection (d) of this section, the certificate is not notice of  
13 any other fact.

14 (d) A person has notice of:

15 (1) another person's dissociation as a general partner, ninety  
16 (90) days after the effective date of an amendment to the  
17 certificate of limited partnership which states that the other  
18 person has dissociated or ninety (90) days after the effective date  
19 of a statement of dissociation pertaining to the other person,  
20 whichever occurs first;

21 (2) a limited partnership's dissolution, ninety (90) days after  
22 the effective date of an amendment to the certificate of limited  
23 partnership stating that the limited partnership is dissolved;

1 (3) a limited partnership's termination, ninety (90) days after  
2 the effective date of a statement of termination;

3 (4) a limited partnership's conversion under Article 11 of this  
4 act, ninety (90) days after the effective date of the articles of  
5 conversion; or

6 (5) a merger under Article 11 of this act, ninety (90) days  
7 after the effective date of the articles of merger.

8 (e) A person notifies or gives a notification to another person  
9 by taking steps reasonably required to inform the other person in  
10 ordinary course, whether or not the other person learns of it.

11 (f) A person receives a notification when the notification:

12 (1) comes to the person's attention; or

13 (2) is delivered at the person's place of business or at any  
14 other place held out by the person as a place for receiving  
15 communications.

16 (g) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (h) of this  
17 section, a person other than an individual knows, has notice, or  
18 receives a notification of a fact for purposes of a particular  
19 transaction when the individual conducting the transaction for the  
20 person knows, has notice, or receives a notification of the fact, or  
21 in any event when the fact would have been brought to the  
22 individual's attention if the person had exercised reasonable  
23 diligence. A person other than an individual exercises reasonable  
24 diligence if it maintains reasonable routines for communicating



1 significant information to the individual conducting the transaction  
2 for the person and there is reasonable compliance with the routines.  
3 Reasonable diligence does not require an individual acting for the  
4 person to communicate information unless the communication is part  
5 of the individual's regular duties or the individual has reason to  
6 know of the transaction and that the transaction would be materially  
7 affected by the information.

8 (h) A general partner's knowledge, notice, or receipt of a  
9 notification of a fact relating to the limited partnership is  
10 effective immediately as knowledge of, notice to, or receipt of a  
11 notification by the limited partnership, except in the case of a  
12 fraud on the limited partnership committed by or with the consent of  
13 the general partner. A limited partner's knowledge, notice, or  
14 receipt of a notification of a fact relating to the limited  
15 partnership is not effective as knowledge of, notice to, or receipt  
16 of a notification by the limited partnership.

17 SECTION 4. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified  
18 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 500-104 of Title 54, unless  
19 there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

20 NATURE, PURPOSE, AND DURATION OF ENTITY.

21 (a) A limited partnership is an entity distinct from its  
22 partners. A limited partnership is the same entity regardless of  
23 whether its certificate states that the limited partnership is a  
24 limited liability limited partnership.

1 (b) A limited partnership may be organized under the Uniform  
2 Limited Partnership Act of 2009 for any lawful purpose.

3 (c) A limited partnership has a perpetual duration.

4 SECTION 5. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified  
5 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 500-105 of Title 54, unless  
6 there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

7 POWERS.

8 A limited partnership has the powers to do all things necessary  
9 or convenient to carry on its activities, including the power to  
10 sue, be sued, and defend in its own name and to maintain an action  
11 against a partner for harm caused to the limited partnership by a  
12 breach of the partnership agreement or violation of a duty to the  
13 partnership.

14 SECTION 6. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified  
15 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 500-106 of Title 54, unless  
16 there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

17 GOVERNING LAW.

18 The law of this state governs relations among the partners of a  
19 limited partnership and between the partners and the limited  
20 partnership and the liability of partners as partners for an  
21 obligation of the limited partnership.

22 SECTION 7. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified  
23 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 500-107 of Title 54, unless  
24 there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

1 SUPPLEMENTAL PRINCIPLES OF LAW; RATE OF INTEREST.

2 (a) Unless displaced by particular provisions of the Uniform  
3 Limited Partnership Act of 2009, the principles of law and equity  
4 supplement the Uniform Limited Partnership Act of 2009.

5 (b) If an obligation to pay interest arises under the Uniform  
6 Limited Partnership Act of 2009 and the rate is not specified, the  
7 rate is that specified in Section 727.1 of Title 12 of the Oklahoma  
8 Statutes.

9 SECTION 8. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified  
10 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 500-108 of Title 54, unless  
11 there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

12 NAME.

13 (a) The name of a limited partnership may contain the name of  
14 any partner.

15 (b) The name of a limited partnership that is not a limited  
16 liability limited partnership must contain the phrase "limited  
17 partnership" or the abbreviation "L.P." or "LP" and may not contain  
18 the phrase "limited liability limited partnership" or the  
19 abbreviation "LLLP" or "L.L.L.P.".

20 (c) The name of a limited liability limited partnership must  
21 contain the phrase "limited liability limited partnership" or the  
22 abbreviation "LLLP" or "L.L.L.P." and must not contain the  
23 abbreviation "L.P." or "LP."  
24

1 (d) Unless authorized by subsection (e) of this section, the  
2 name of a limited partnership must be distinguishable in the records  
3 of the Secretary of State from:

4 (1) the name of each person other than an individual  
5 incorporated, organized, or authorized to transact business in this  
6 state; and

7 (2) each name reserved under Section 9 of this act.

8 (e) A limited partnership may apply to the Secretary of State  
9 for authorization to use a name that does not comply with subsection  
10 (d) of this section. The Secretary of State shall authorize use of  
11 the name applied for if, as to each conflicting name:

12 (1) the present user, registrant, or owner of the conflicting  
13 name consents in a signed record to the use and submits an  
14 undertaking in a form satisfactory to the Secretary of State to  
15 change the conflicting name to a name that complies with subsection  
16 (d) of this section and is distinguishable in the records of the  
17 Secretary of State from the name applied for;

18 (2) the applicant delivers to the Secretary of State a  
19 certified copy of the final judgment of a court of competent  
20 jurisdiction establishing the applicant's right to use in this state  
21 the name applied for; or

22 (3) the applicant delivers to the Secretary of State proof  
23 satisfactory to the Secretary of State that the present user,  
24 registrant, or owner of the conflicting name:

1 (A) has merged into the applicant;

2 (B) has been converted into the applicant; or

3 (C) has transferred substantially all of its assets,  
4 including the conflicting name, to the applicant.

5 (f) Subject to Section 79 of this act, this section applies to  
6 any foreign limited partnership transacting business in this state,  
7 having a certificate of authority to transact business in this  
8 state, or applying for a certificate of authority.

9 SECTION 9. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified  
10 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 500-109 of Title 54, unless  
11 there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

12 RESERVATION OF NAME.

13 (a) The exclusive right to the use of a name that complies with  
14 Section 8 of this act may be reserved by:

15 (1) a person intending to organize a limited partnership under  
16 the Uniform Limited Partnership Act of 2009 and to adopt the name;

17 (2) a limited partnership or a foreign limited partnership  
18 authorized to transact business in this state intending to adopt the  
19 name;

20 (3) a foreign limited partnership intending to obtain a  
21 certificate of authority to transact business in this state and  
22 adopt the name;

1 (4) a person intending to organize a foreign limited  
2 partnership and intending to have it obtain a certificate of  
3 authority to transact business in this state and adopt the name;

4 (5) a foreign limited partnership formed under the name; or

5 (6) a foreign limited partnership formed under a name that does  
6 not comply with subsection (b) or (c) of Section 8 of this act, but  
7 the name reserved under this paragraph may differ from the foreign  
8 limited partnership's name only to the extent necessary to comply  
9 with subsections (b) and (c) of Section 8 of this act.

10 (b) A person may apply to reserve a name under subsection (a)  
11 of this section by delivering to the Secretary of State for filing  
12 an application that states the name to be reserved and the paragraph  
13 of subsection (a) of this section which applies. If the Secretary  
14 of State finds that the name is available for use by the applicant,  
15 the Secretary of State shall file a statement of name reservation  
16 and thereby reserve the name for the exclusive use of the applicant  
17 for one hundred twenty (120) days.

18 (c) An applicant that has reserved a name pursuant to  
19 subsection (b) of this section may reserve the same name for  
20 additional one-hundred-twenty-day periods. A person having a  
21 current reservation for a name may not apply for another one-  
22 hundred-twenty-day period for the same name until ninety (90) days  
23 have elapsed in the current reservation.

(d) A person that has reserved a name under this section may deliver to the Secretary of State for filing a notice of transfer that states the reserved name, the name and street and mailing address of some other person to which the reservation is to be transferred, and the paragraph of subsection (a) of this section which applies to the other person. Subject to subsection (c) of Section 24 of this act, the transfer is effective when the Secretary of State files the notice of transfer.

SECTION 10. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 500-110 of Title 54, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

EFFECT OF PARTNERSHIP AGREEMENT; NONWAIVABLE PROVISION.

(a) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (b) of this section, the partnership agreement governs relations among the partners and between the partners and the partnership. To the extent the partnership agreement does not otherwise provide, the Uniform Limited Partnership Act of 2009 governs relations among the partners and between the partners and the partnership.

(b) A partnership agreement may not:

(1) vary a limited partnership's power under Section 5 of this act to sue, be sued, and defend in its own name;

(2) vary the law applicable to a limited partnership under Section 6 of this act;

(3) vary the requirements of Section 22 of this act;

1       (4) vary the information required under Section 11 of this act  
2 or unreasonably restrict the right to information under Section 32  
3 or 41 of this act, but the partnership agreement may impose  
4 reasonable restrictions on the availability and use of information  
5 obtained under those sections and may define appropriate remedies,  
6 including liquidated damages, for a breach of any reasonable  
7 restriction on use;

8       (5) eliminate the duty of loyalty under Section 42 of this act,  
9 but the partnership agreement may:

10           (A) identify specific types or categories of activities  
11               that do not violate the duty of loyalty, if not  
12               manifestly unreasonable; and

13           (B) specify the number or percentage of partners which may  
14               authorize or ratify, after full disclosure to all  
15               partners of all material facts, a specific act or  
16               transaction that otherwise would violate the duty of  
17               loyalty;

18       (6) unreasonably reduce the duty of care under subsection (c)  
19 of Section 42 of this act;

20       (7) eliminate the obligation of good faith and fair dealing  
21 under subsection (b) of Section 33 of this act and subsection (d) of  
22 Section 42 of this act, but the partnership agreement may prescribe  
23 the standards by which the performance of the obligation is to be  
24 measured, if the standards are not manifestly unreasonable;



1       (8) vary the power of a person to dissociate as a general  
2 partner under subsection (a) of Section 55 of this act except to  
3 require that the notice under paragraph (1) of Section 54 of this  
4 act be in a record;

5       (9) vary the power of a court to decree dissolution in the  
6 circumstances specified in Section 64 of this act;

7       (10) vary the requirement to wind up the partnership's business  
8 as specified in Section 65 of this act;

9       (11) unreasonably restrict the right to maintain an action  
10 under Article 10 of this act;

11       (12) restrict the right of a partner under subsection (a) of  
12 Section 97 of this act to approve a conversion or merger or the  
13 right of a general partner under subsection (b) of Section 97 of  
14 this act to consent to an amendment to the certificate of limited  
15 partnership which deletes a statement that the limited partnership  
16 is a limited liability limited partnership; or

17       (13) restrict rights under the Uniform Limited Partnership Act  
18 of 2009 of a person other than a partner or a transferee.

19       SECTION 11.       NEW LAW       A new section of law to be codified  
20 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 500-111 of Title 54, unless  
21 there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

22       REQUIRED INFORMATION.

23       A limited partnership shall maintain at its designated office  
24 the following information:

1 (1) a current list showing the full name and last-known street  
2 and mailing address of each partner, separately identifying the  
3 general partners, in alphabetical order, and the limited partners,  
4 in alphabetical order;

5 (2) a copy of the initial certificate of limited partnership  
6 and all amendments to and restatements of the certificate, together  
7 with signed copies of any powers of attorney under which any  
8 certificate, amendment, or restatement has been signed;

9 (3) a copy of any filed articles of conversion or merger;

10 (4) a copy of the limited partnership's federal, state, and  
11 local income tax returns and reports, if any, for the three (3) most  
12 recent years;

13 (5) a copy of any partnership agreement made in a record and  
14 any amendment made in a record to any partnership agreement;

15 (6) a copy of any financial statement of the limited  
16 partnership for the three (3) most recent years;

17 (7) a copy of the three most recent annual reports delivered by  
18 the limited partnership to the Secretary of State pursuant to  
19 Section 28 of this act;

20 (8) a copy of any record made by the limited partnership during  
21 the past three (3) years of any consent given by or vote taken of  
22 any partner pursuant to the Uniform Limited Partnership Act of 2009  
23 or the partnership agreement; and  
24

1 (9) unless contained in a partnership agreement made in a  
2 record, a record stating:

3 (A) the amount of cash, and a description and statement of  
4 the agreed value of the other benefits, contributed  
5 and agreed to be contributed by each partner;

6 (B) the times at which, or events on the happening of  
7 which, any additional contributions agreed to be made  
8 by each partner are to be made;

9 (C) for any person that is both a general partner and a  
10 limited partner, a specification of what transferable  
11 interest the person owns in each capacity; and

12 (D) any events upon the happening of which the limited  
13 partnership is to be dissolved and its activities  
14 wound up.

15 SECTION 12. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified  
16 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 500-112 of Title 54, unless  
17 there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

18 BUSINESS TRANSACTIONS OF PARTNER WITH PARTNERSHIP.

19 A partner may lend money to and transact other business with the  
20 limited partnership and has the same rights and obligations with  
21 respect to the loan or other transaction as a person that is not a  
22 partner.

1       SECTION 13.       NEW LAW       A new section of law to be codified  
2 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 500-113 of Title 54, unless  
3 there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

4       DUAL CAPACITY.

5       A person may be both a general partner and a limited partner. A  
6 person that is both a general and limited partner has the rights,  
7 powers, duties, and obligations provided by the Uniform Limited  
8 Partnership Act of 2009 and the partnership agreement in each of  
9 those capacities. When the person acts as a general partner, the  
10 person is subject to the obligations, duties and restrictions under  
11 the Uniform Limited Partnership Act of 2009 and the partnership  
12 agreement for general partners. When the person acts as a limited  
13 partner, the person is subject to the obligations, duties and  
14 restrictions under the Uniform Limited Partnership Act of 2009 and  
15 the partnership agreement for limited partners.

16       SECTION 14.       NEW LAW       A new section of law to be codified  
17 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 500-114 of Title 54, unless  
18 there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

19       OFFICE AND AGENT FOR SERVICE OF PROCESS.

20       (a) A limited partnership shall designate and continuously  
21 maintain in this state:

22       (1) an office, which need not be a place of its activity in  
23 this state; and

24       (2) an agent for service of process.

1 (b) A foreign limited partnership shall designate and  
2 continuously maintain in this state an agent for service of process.

3 (c) An agent for service of process of a limited partnership or  
4 foreign limited partnership must be an individual who is a resident  
5 of this state or other person authorized to do business in this  
6 state.

7 SECTION 15. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified  
8 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 500-115 of Title 54, unless  
9 there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

10 CHANGE OF DESIGNATED OFFICE OR AGENT FOR SERVICE OF PROCESS.

11 (a) In order to change its designated office, agent for service  
12 of process, or the address of its agent for service of process, a  
13 limited partnership or a foreign limited partnership may deliver to  
14 the Secretary of State for filing a statement of change containing:

15 (1) the name of the limited partnership or foreign limited  
16 partnership;

17 (2) the street and mailing address of its current designated  
18 office;

19 (3) if the current designated office is to be changed, the  
20 street and mailing address of the new designated office;

21 (4) the name and street and mailing address of its current  
22 agent for service of process; and

23 (5) if the current agent for service of process or an address  
24 of the agent is to be changed, the new information.

1 (b) Subject to subsection (c) of Section 24 of this act, a  
2 statement of change is effective when filed by the Secretary of  
3 State.

4 SECTION 16. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified  
5 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 500-116 of Title 54, unless  
6 there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

7 RESIGNATION OF AGENT FOR SERVICE OF PROCESS.

8 (a) In order to resign as an agent for service of process of a  
9 limited partnership or foreign limited partnership, the agent must  
10 deliver to the Secretary of State for filing a statement of  
11 resignation containing the name of the limited partnership or  
12 foreign limited partnership.

13 (b) After receiving a statement of resignation, the Secretary  
14 of State shall file it and mail a copy to the designated office of  
15 the limited partnership or foreign limited partnership and another  
16 copy to the principal office if the address of the office appears in  
17 the records of the Secretary of State and is different from the  
18 address of the designated office.

19 (c) An agency for service of process is terminated on the 31st  
20 day after the Secretary of State files the statement of resignation.

21 SECTION 17. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified  
22 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 500-117 of Title 54, unless  
23 there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

24 SERVICE OF PROCESS.

1 (a) An agent for service of process appointed by a limited  
2 partnership or foreign limited partnership is an agent of the  
3 limited partnership or foreign limited partnership for service of  
4 any process, notice, or demand required or permitted by law to be  
5 served upon the limited partnership or foreign limited partnership.

6 (b) If a limited partnership or foreign limited partnership  
7 does not appoint or maintain an agent for service of process in this  
8 state or the agent for service of process cannot with reasonable  
9 diligence be found at the agent's address, the Secretary of State is  
10 an agent of the limited partnership or foreign limited partnership  
11 upon whom process, notice, or demand may be served.

12 (c) Service of any process, notice, or demand on the Secretary  
13 of State may be made by delivering to and leaving with the Secretary  
14 of State duplicate copies of the process, notice, or demand. If a  
15 process, notice, or demand is served on the Secretary of State, the  
16 Secretary of State shall forward one of the copies by registered or  
17 certified mail, return receipt requested, to the limited partnership  
18 or foreign limited partnership at its designated office.

19 (d) Service is effected under subsection (c) of this section at  
20 the earliest of:

21 (1) the date the limited partnership or foreign limited  
22 partnership receives the process, notice, or demand;

23 (2) the date shown on the return receipt, if signed on behalf  
24 of the limited partnership or foreign limited partnership; or

1 (3) five (5) days after the process, notice, or demand is  
2 deposited in the mail, if mailed postpaid and correctly addressed.

3 (e) The Secretary of State shall keep a record of each process,  
4 notice, and demand served pursuant to this section and record the  
5 time of, and the action taken regarding, the service.

6 (f) This section does not affect the right to serve process,  
7 notice, or demand in any other manner provided by law.

8 SECTION 18. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified  
9 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 500-118 of Title 54, unless  
10 there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

11 CONSENT AND PROXIES OF PARTNERS.

12 Action requiring the consent of partners under the Uniform  
13 Limited Partnership Act of 2009 may be taken without a meeting, and  
14 a partner may appoint a proxy to consent or otherwise act for the  
15 partner by signing an appointment record, either personally or by  
16 the partner's attorney in fact.

17 ARTICLE 2

18 FORMATION; CERTIFICATE OF

19 LIMITED PARTNERSHIP AND OTHER FILINGS

20 SECTION 19. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified  
21 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 500-201 of Title 54, unless  
22 there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

23 FORMATION OF LIMITED PARTNERSHIP; CERTIFICATE OF LIMITED  
24 PARTNERSHIP.



1 (a) In order for a limited partnership to be formed, a  
2 certificate of limited partnership must be delivered to the  
3 Secretary of State for filing. The certificate must state:

4 (1) the name of the limited partnership, which must comply with  
5 Section 8 of this act;

6 (2) the street and mailing address of the initial designated  
7 office and the name and street and mailing address of the initial  
8 agent for service of process;

9 (3) the name and the street and mailing address of each general  
10 partner;

11 (4) whether the limited partnership is a limited liability  
12 limited partnership; and

13 (5) any additional information required by Article 11 of this  
14 act.

15 (b) A certificate of limited partnership may also contain any  
16 other matters but may not vary or otherwise affect the provisions  
17 specified in subsection (b) of Section 10 of this act in a manner  
18 inconsistent with that section.

19 (c) If there has been substantial compliance with subsection  
20 (a) of this section, subject to subsection (c) of Section 24 of this  
21 act, a limited partnership is formed when the Secretary of State  
22 files the certificate of limited partnership.

23 (d) Subject to subsection (b) of this section, if any provision  
24 of a partnership agreement is inconsistent with the filed

1 certificate of limited partnership or with a filed statement of  
2 dissociation, termination, or change or filed articles of conversion  
3 or merger:

4 (1) the partnership agreement prevails as to partners and  
5 transferees; and

6 (2) the filed certificate of limited partnership, statement of  
7 dissociation, termination, or change or articles of conversion or  
8 merger prevail as to persons, other than partners and transferees,  
9 that reasonably rely on the filed record to their detriment.

10 SECTION 20. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified  
11 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 500-202 of Title 54, unless  
12 there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

13 AMENDMENT OR RESTATEMENT OF CERTIFICATE.

14 (a) In order to amend its certificate of limited partnership, a  
15 limited partnership must deliver to the Secretary of State for  
16 filing an amendment or, pursuant to Article 11 of this act, articles  
17 of merger stating:

18 (1) the name of the limited partnership;

19 (2) the date of filing of its initial certificate; and

20 (3) the changes the amendment makes to the certificate as most  
21 recently amended or restated.

22 (b) A limited partnership shall promptly deliver to the  
23 Secretary of State for filing an amendment to a certificate of  
24 limited partnership to reflect:

1       (1) the admission of a new general partner;

2       (2) the dissociation of a person as a general partner; or

3       (3) the appointment of a person to wind up the limited  
4 partnership's activities under subsection (c) or (d) of Section 65  
5 of this act.

6       (c) A general partner that knows that any information in a  
7 filed certificate of limited partnership was false when the  
8 certificate was filed or has become false due to changed  
9 circumstances shall promptly:

10      (1) cause the certificate to be amended; or

11      (2) if appropriate, deliver to the Secretary of State for  
12 filing a statement of change pursuant to Section 15 of this act or a  
13 statement of correction pursuant to Section 25 of this act.

14      (d) A certificate of limited partnership may be amended at any  
15 time for any other proper purpose as determined by the limited  
16 partnership.

17      (e) A restated certificate of limited partnership may be  
18 delivered to the Secretary of State for filing in the same manner as  
19 an amendment.

20      (f) Subject to subsection (c) of Section 24 of this act, an  
21 amendment or restated certificate is effective when filed by the  
22 Secretary of State.

SECTION 21. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 500-203 of Title 54, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

STATEMENT OF TERMINATION.

A dissolved limited partnership that has completed winding up may deliver to the Secretary of State for filing a statement of termination that states:

(1) the name of the limited partnership;

(2) the date of filing of its initial certificate of limited partnership; and

(3) any other information as determined by the general partners filing the statement or by a person appointed pursuant to subsection (c) or (d) of Section 65 of this act.

SECTION 22. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 500-204 of Title 54, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

SIGNING OF RECORDS.

(a) Each record delivered to the Secretary of State for filing pursuant to the Uniform Limited Partnership Act of 2009 must be signed in the following manner:

(1) An initial certificate of limited partnership must be signed by all general partners listed in the certificate.

1       (2) An amendment adding or deleting a statement that the  
2 limited partnership is a limited liability limited partnership must  
3 be signed by all general partners listed in the certificate.

4       (3) An amendment designating as general partner a person  
5 admitted under subparagraph (B) of paragraph (3) of Section 63 of  
6 this act following the dissociation of a limited partnership's last  
7 general partner must be signed by that person.

8       (4) An amendment required by subsection (c) of Section 65 of  
9 this act following the appointment of a person to wind up the  
10 dissolved limited partnership's activities must be signed by that  
11 person.

12       (5) Any other amendment must be signed by:

13           (A) at least one general partner listed in the  
14 certificate;

15           (B) each other person designated in the amendment as a new  
16 general partner; and

17           (C) each person that the amendment indicates has  
18 dissociated as a general partner, unless:

19               (i) the person is deceased or a guardian or general  
20 conservator has been appointed for the person and  
21 the amendment so states; or

22               (ii) the person has previously delivered to the  
23 Secretary of State for filing a statement of  
24 dissociation.

1       (6) A restated certificate of limited partnership must be  
2 signed by at least one general partner listed in the certificate,  
3 and, to the extent the restated certificate effects a change under  
4 any other paragraph of this subsection, the certificate must be  
5 signed in a manner that satisfies that paragraph.

6       (7) A statement of termination must be signed by all general  
7 partners listed in the certificate or, if the certificate of a  
8 dissolved limited partnership lists no general partners, by the  
9 person appointed pursuant to subsection (c) or (d) of Section 65 of  
10 this act to wind up the dissolved limited partnership's activities.

11       (8) Articles of conversion must be signed by each general  
12 partner listed in the certificate of limited partnership.

13       (9) Articles of merger must be signed as provided in subsection  
14 (a) of Section 95 of this act.

15       (10) Any other record delivered on behalf of a limited  
16 partnership to the Secretary of State for filing must be signed by  
17 at least one general partner listed in the certificate.

18       (11) A statement by a person pursuant to paragraph (4) of  
19 subsection (a) of Section 56 of this act stating that the person has  
20 dissociated as a general partner must be signed by that person.

21       (12) A statement of withdrawal by a person pursuant to Section  
22 34 must be signed by that person.

1 (13) A record delivered on behalf of a foreign limited  
2 partnership to the Secretary of State for filing must be signed by  
3 at least one general partner of the foreign limited partnership.

4 (14) Any other record delivered on behalf of any person to the  
5 Secretary of State for filing must be signed by that person.

6 (b) Any person may sign by an attorney in fact any record to be  
7 filed pursuant to the Uniform Limited Partnership Act of 2009.

8 SECTION 23. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified  
9 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 500-205 of Title 54, unless  
10 there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

11 SIGNING AND FILING PURSUANT TO JUDICIAL ORDER.

12 (a) If a person required by the Uniform Limited Partnership Act  
13 of 2009 to sign a record or deliver a record to the Secretary of  
14 State for filing does not do so, any other person that is aggrieved  
15 may petition the district court to order:

16 (1) the person to sign the record;

17 (2) the person to deliver the record to the Secretary of State  
18 for filing; or

19 (3) the Secretary of State to file the record unsigned.

20 (b) If the person aggrieved under subsection (a) of this  
21 section is not the limited partnership or foreign limited  
22 partnership to which the record pertains, the aggrieved person shall  
23 make the limited partnership or foreign limited partnership a party  
24 to the action. A person aggrieved under subsection (a) of this

1 section may seek the remedies provided in subsection (a) of this  
2 section in the same action in combination or in the alternative.

3 (c) A record filed unsigned pursuant to this section is  
4 effective without being signed.

5 SECTION 24. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified  
6 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 500-206 of Title 54, unless  
7 there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

8 DELIVERY TO AND FILING OF RECORDS BY SECRETARY OF STATE;  
9 EFFECTIVE TIME AND DATE.

10 (a) A record authorized or required to be delivered to the  
11 Secretary of State for filing under the Uniform Limited Partnership  
12 Act of 2009 must be captioned to describe the record's purpose, be  
13 in a medium permitted by the Secretary of State, and be delivered to  
14 the Secretary of State. Unless the Secretary of State determines  
15 that a record does not comply with the filing requirements of the  
16 Uniform Limited Partnership Act of 2009, and if all filing fees have  
17 been paid, the Secretary of State shall file the record and:

18 (1) for a statement of dissociation, send:

19 (A) a copy of the filed statement and a receipt for the  
20 fees to the person which the statement indicates has  
21 dissociated as a general partner; and

22 (B) a copy of the filed statement and receipt to the  
23 limited partnership;

24 (2) for a statement of withdrawal, send:



1 (A) a copy of the filed statement and a receipt for the  
2 fees to the person on whose behalf the record was  
3 filed; and

4 (B) if the statement refers to an existing limited  
5 partnership, a copy of the filed statement and receipt  
6 to the limited partnership; and

7 (3) for all other records, send a copy of the filed record and  
8 a receipt for the fees to the person on whose behalf the record was  
9 filed.

10 (b) Upon request and payment of a fee, the Secretary of State  
11 shall send to the requester a certified copy of the requested  
12 record.

13 (c) Except as otherwise provided in Sections 16 and 25 of this  
14 act, a record delivered to the Secretary of State for filing under  
15 the Uniform Limited Partnership Act of 2009 may specify an effective  
16 time and a delayed effective date. Except as otherwise provided in  
17 the Uniform Limited Partnership Act of 2009, a record filed by the  
18 Secretary of State is effective:

19 (1) if the record does not specify an effective time and does  
20 not specify a delayed effective date, on the date and at the time  
21 the record is filed as evidenced by the Secretary of State's  
22 endorsement of the date and time on the record;

1 (2) if the record specifies an effective time but not a delayed  
2 effective date, on the date the record is filed at the time  
3 specified in the record;

4 (3) if the record specifies a delayed effective date but not an  
5 effective time, at 12:01 a.m. on the earlier of:

6 (A) the specified date; or

7 (B) the ninetieth day after the record is filed; or

8 (4) if the record specifies an effective time and a delayed  
9 effective date, at the specified time on the earlier of:

10 (A) the specified date; or

11 (B) the ninetieth day after the record is filed.

12 SECTION 25. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified  
13 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 500-207 of Title 54, unless  
14 there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

15 CORRECTING FILED RECORD.

16 (a) A limited partnership or foreign limited partnership may  
17 deliver to the Secretary of State for filing a statement of  
18 correction to correct a record previously delivered by the limited  
19 partnership or foreign limited partnership to the Secretary of State  
20 and filed by the Secretary of State, if at the time of filing, the  
21 record contained false or erroneous information or was defectively  
22 signed.

23 (b) A statement of correction may not state a delayed effective  
24 date and must:

1 (1) describe the record to be corrected, including its filing  
2 date, or attach a copy of the record as filed;

3 (2) specify the incorrect information and the reason it is  
4 incorrect or the manner in which the signing was defective; and

5 (3) correct the incorrect information or defective signature.

6 (c) When filed by the Secretary of State, a statement of  
7 correction is effective retroactively as of the effective date of  
8 the record the statement corrects, but the statement is effective  
9 when filed:

10 (1) for the purposes of subsections (c) and (d) of Section 3 of  
11 this act; and

12 (2) as to persons relying on the uncorrected record and  
13 adversely affected by the correction.

14 SECTION 26. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified  
15 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 500-208 of Title 54, unless  
16 there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

17 LIABILITY FOR FALSE INFORMATION IN FILED RECORD.

18 (a) If a record delivered to the Secretary of State for filing  
19 under the Uniform Limited Partnership Act of 2009 and filed by the  
20 Secretary of State contains false information, a person that suffers  
21 loss by reliance on the information may recover damages for the loss  
22 from:

1 (1) a person that signed the record, or caused another to sign  
2 it on the person's behalf, and knew the information to be false at  
3 the time the record was signed; and

4 (2) a general partner that has notice that the information was  
5 false when the record was filed or has become false because of  
6 changed circumstances, if the general partner has notice for a  
7 reasonably sufficient time before the information is relied upon to  
8 enable the general partner to effect an amendment under Section 20  
9 of this act, file a petition pursuant to Section 23 of this act, or  
10 deliver to the Secretary of State for filing a statement of change  
11 pursuant to Section 15 of this act or a statement of correction  
12 pursuant to Section 25 of this act.

13 (b) Signing a record authorized or required to be filed under  
14 the Uniform Limited Partnership Act of 2009 constitutes an  
15 affirmation under the penalties of perjury that the facts stated in  
16 the record are true.

17 SECTION 27. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified  
18 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 500-209 of Title 54, unless  
19 there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

20 CERTIFICATE OF EXISTENCE OR AUTHORIZATION.

21 (a) The Secretary of State, upon request and payment of the  
22 requisite fee, shall furnish a certificate of existence for a  
23 limited partnership if the records filed in the Office of the  
24 Secretary of State show that the Secretary of State has filed a

1 certificate of limited partnership and has not filed a statement of  
2 termination. A certificate of existence must state:

3 (1) the limited partnership's name;

4 (2) that it was duly formed under the laws of this state and  
5 the date of formation;

6 (3) whether all fees, taxes, and penalties due to the Secretary  
7 of State under the Uniform Limited Partnership Act of 2009 or other  
8 law have been paid;

9 (4) whether the limited partnership's most recent annual report  
10 required by Section 28 of this act has been filed by the Secretary  
11 of State;

12 (5) whether the Secretary of State has administratively  
13 dissolved the limited partnership;

14 (6) whether the limited partnership's certificate of limited  
15 partnership has been amended to state that the limited partnership  
16 is dissolved;

17 (7) that a statement of termination has not been filed by the  
18 Secretary of State; and

19 (8) other facts of record in the Office of the Secretary of  
20 State which may be requested by the applicant.

21 (b) The Secretary of State, upon request and payment of the  
22 requisite fee, shall furnish a certificate of authorization for a  
23 foreign limited partnership if the records filed in the Office of  
24 the Secretary of State show that the Secretary of State has filed a

1 certificate of authority, has not revoked the certificate of  
2 authority, and has not filed a notice of cancellation. A  
3 certificate of authorization must state:

4 (1) the foreign limited partnership's name and any alternate  
5 name adopted under subsection (a) of Section 79 of this act for use  
6 in this state;

7 (2) that it is authorized to transact business in this state;

8 (3) whether all fees, taxes, and penalties due to the Secretary  
9 of State under the Uniform Limited Partnership Act of 2009 or other  
10 law have been paid;

11 (4) whether the foreign limited partnership's most recent  
12 annual report required by Section 28 of this act has been filed by  
13 the Secretary of State;

14 (5) that the Secretary of State has not revoked its certificate  
15 of authority and has not filed a notice of cancellation; and

16 (6) other facts of record in the Office of the Secretary of  
17 State which may be requested by the applicant.

18 (c) Subject to any qualification stated in the certificate, a  
19 certificate of existence or authorization issued by the Secretary of  
20 State may be relied upon as conclusive evidence that the limited  
21 partnership or foreign limited partnership is in existence or is  
22 authorized to transact business in this state.

1       SECTION 28.       NEW LAW       A new section of law to be codified

2 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 500-210 of Title 54, unless  
3 there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

4       ANNUAL REPORT FOR SECRETARY OF STATE.

5       (a) A limited partnership or a foreign limited partnership  
6 authorized to transact business in this state shall deliver to the  
7 Secretary of State for filing an annual report that states:

8       (1) the name of the limited partnership or foreign limited  
9 partnership;

10       (2) the street and mailing address of its designated office and  
11 the name and street and mailing address of its agent for service of  
12 process in this state;

13       (3) in the case of a limited partnership, the street and  
14 mailing address of its principal office; and

15       (4) in the case of a foreign limited partnership, the state or  
16 other jurisdiction under whose law the foreign limited partnership  
17 is formed and any alternate name adopted under subsection (a) of  
18 Section 79 of this act.

19       (b) Information in an annual report must be current as of the  
20 date the annual report is delivered to the Secretary of State for  
21 filing.

22       (c) The first annual report must be delivered to the Secretary  
23 of State between January 1 and April 1 of the year following the  
24 calendar year in which a limited partnership was formed or a foreign

1 limited partnership was authorized to transact business. An annual  
2 report must be delivered to the Secretary of State between January 1  
3 and April 1 of each subsequent calendar year.

4 (d) If an annual report does not contain the information  
5 required in subsection (a) of this section, the Secretary of State  
6 shall promptly notify the reporting limited partnership or foreign  
7 limited partnership and return the report to it for correction. If  
8 the report is corrected to contain the information required in  
9 subsection (a) of this section and delivered to the Secretary of  
10 State within thirty (30) days after the effective date of the  
11 notice, it is timely delivered.

12 (e) If a filed annual report contains an address of a  
13 designated office or the name or address of an agent for service of  
14 process which differs from the information shown in the records of  
15 the Secretary of State immediately before the filing, the differing  
16 information in the annual report is considered a statement of change  
17 under Section 15 of this act.

### 18 ARTICLE 3

#### 19 LIMITED PARTNERS

20 SECTION 29. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified  
21 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 500-301 of Title 54, unless  
22 there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

#### 23 BECOMING LIMITED PARTNER.

24 A person becomes a limited partner:



(1) as provided in the partnership agreement;

(2) as the result of a conversion or merger under Article 11 of this act; or

(3) with the consent of all the partners.

SECTION 30. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 500-302 of Title 54, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

NO RIGHT OR POWER AS LIMITED PARTNER TO BIND LIMITED PARTNERSHIP.

A limited partner does not have the right or the power as a limited partner to act for or bind the limited partnership.

SECTION 31. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 500-303 of Title 54, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

NO LIABILITY AS LIMITED PARTNER FOR LIMITED PARTNERSHIP OBLIGATIONS.

An obligation of a limited partnership, whether arising in contract, tort, or otherwise, is not the obligation of a limited partner. A limited partner is not personally liable, directly or indirectly, by way of contribution or otherwise, for an obligation of the limited partnership solely by reason of being a limited partner, even if the limited partner participates in the management and control of the limited partnership.

1       SECTION 32.       NEW LAW       A new section of law to be codified  
2 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 500-304 of Title 54, unless  
3 there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

4       RIGHT OF LIMITED PARTNER AND FORMER LIMITED PARTNER TO  
5 INFORMATION.

6       (a) On ten (10) days' demand, made in a record received by the  
7 limited partnership, a limited partner may inspect and copy required  
8 information during regular business hours in the limited  
9 partnership's designated office. The limited partner need not have  
10 any particular purpose for seeking the information.

11       (b) During regular business hours and at a reasonable location  
12 specified by the limited partnership, a limited partner may obtain  
13 from the limited partnership and inspect and copy true and full  
14 information regarding the state of the activities and financial  
15 condition of the limited partnership and other information regarding  
16 the activities of the limited partnership as is just and reasonable  
17 if:

18       (1) the limited partner seeks the information for a purpose  
19 reasonably related to the partner's interest as a limited partner;

20       (2) the limited partner makes a demand in a record received by  
21 the limited partnership, describing with reasonable particularity  
22 the information sought and the purpose for seeking the information;  
23 and  
24

1 (3) the information sought is directly connected to the limited  
2 partner's purpose.

3 (c) Within ten (10) days after receiving a demand pursuant to  
4 subsection (b) of this section, the limited partnership in a record  
5 shall inform the limited partner that made the demand:

6 (1) what information the limited partnership will provide in  
7 response to the demand;

8 (2) when and where the limited partnership will provide the  
9 information; and

10 (3) if the limited partnership declines to provide any demanded  
11 information, the limited partnership's reasons for declining.

12 (d) Subject to subsection (f) of this section, a person  
13 dissociated as a limited partner may inspect and copy required  
14 information during regular business hours in the limited  
15 partnership's designated office if:

16 (1) the information pertains to the period during which the  
17 person was a limited partner;

18 (2) the person seeks the information in good faith; and

19 (3) the person meets the requirements of subsection (b) of this  
20 section.

21 (e) The limited partnership shall respond to a demand made  
22 pursuant to subsection (d) of this section in the same manner as  
23 provided in subsection (c) of this section.

24 (f) If a limited partner dies, Section 62 of this act applies.

1 (g) The limited partnership may impose reasonable restrictions  
2 on the use of information obtained under this section. In a dispute  
3 concerning the reasonableness of a restriction under this  
4 subsection, the limited partnership has the burden of proving  
5 reasonableness.

6 (h) A limited partnership may charge a person that makes a  
7 demand under this section reasonable costs of copying, limited to  
8 the costs of labor and material.

9 (i) Whenever the Uniform Limited Partnership Act of 2009 or a  
10 partnership agreement provides for a limited partner to give or  
11 withhold consent to a matter, before the consent is given or  
12 withheld, the limited partnership shall, without demand, provide the  
13 limited partner with all information material to the limited  
14 partner's decision that the limited partnership knows.

15 (j) A limited partner or person dissociated as a limited  
16 partner may exercise the rights under this section through an  
17 attorney or other agent. Any restriction imposed under subsection  
18 (g) of this section or by the partnership agreement applies both to  
19 the attorney or other agent and to the limited partner or person  
20 dissociated as a limited partner.

21 (k) The rights stated in this section do not extend to a person  
22 as transferee, but may be exercised by the legal representative of  
23 an individual under legal disability who is a limited partner or  
24 person dissociated as a limited partner.

1       SECTION 33.       NEW LAW       A new section of law to be codified  
2 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 500-305 of Title 54, unless  
3 there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

4       LIMITED DUTIES OF LIMITED PARTNERS.

5       (a) A limited partner does not have any fiduciary duty to the  
6 limited partnership or to any other partner solely by reason of  
7 being a limited partner.

8       (b) A limited partner shall discharge the duties to the  
9 partnership and the other partners under the Uniform Limited  
10 Partnership Act of 2009 or under the partnership agreement and  
11 exercise any rights consistently with the obligation of good faith  
12 and fair dealing.

13       (c) A limited partner does not violate a duty or obligation  
14 under the Uniform Limited Partnership Act of 2009 or under the  
15 partnership agreement merely because the limited partner's conduct  
16 furthers the limited partner's own interest.

17       SECTION 34.       NEW LAW       A new section of law to be codified  
18 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 500-306 of Title 54, unless  
19 there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

20       PERSON ERRONEOUSLY BELIEVING SELF TO BE LIMITED PARTNER.

21       (a) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (b) of this  
22 section, a person that makes an investment in a business enterprise  
23 and erroneously but in good faith believes that the person has  
24 become a limited partner in the enterprise is not liable for the

1 enterprise's obligations by reason of making the investment,  
2 receiving distributions from the enterprise, or exercising any  
3 rights of or appropriate to a limited partner, if, on ascertaining  
4 the mistake, the person:

5 (1) causes an appropriate certificate of limited partnership,  
6 amendment, or statement of correction to be signed and delivered to  
7 the Secretary of State for filing; or

8 (2) withdraws from future participation as an owner in the  
9 enterprise by signing and delivering to the Secretary of State for  
10 filing a statement of withdrawal under this section.

11 (b) A person that makes an investment described in subsection  
12 (a) of this section is liable to the same extent as a general  
13 partner to any third party that enters into a transaction with the  
14 enterprise, believing in good faith that the person is a general  
15 partner, before the Secretary of State files a statement of  
16 withdrawal, certificate of limited partnership, amendment, or  
17 statement of correction to show that the person is not a general  
18 partner.

19 (c) If a person makes a diligent effort in good faith to comply  
20 with paragraph (1) of subsection (a) of this section and is unable  
21 to cause the appropriate certificate of limited partnership,  
22 amendment, or statement of correction to be signed and delivered to  
23 the Secretary of State for filing, the person has the right to  
24 withdraw from the enterprise pursuant to paragraph (2) of subsection

1 (a) of this section even if the withdrawal would otherwise breach an  
2 agreement with others that are or have agreed to become co-owners of  
3 the enterprise.

#### 4 ARTICLE 4

#### 5 GENERAL PARTNERS

6 SECTION 35. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified  
7 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 500-401 of Title 54, unless  
8 there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

##### 9 BECOMING GENERAL PARTNER.

10 A person becomes a general partner:

11 (1) as provided in the partnership agreement:

12 (2) under subparagraph (B) of paragraph (3) of Section 63 of  
13 this act following the dissociation of a limited partnership's last  
14 general partner;

15 (3) as the result of a conversion or merger under Article 11 of  
16 this act; or

17 (4) with the consent of all the partners.

18 SECTION 36. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified  
19 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 500-402 of Title 54, unless  
20 there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

##### 21 GENERAL PARTNER AGENT OF LIMITED PARTNERSHIP.

22 (a) Each general partner is an agent of the limited partnership  
23 for the purposes of its activities. An act of a general partner,  
24 including the signing of a record in the partnership's name, for

1 apparently carrying on in the ordinary course the limited  
2 partnership's activities or activities of the kind carried on by the  
3 limited partnership binds the limited partnership, unless the  
4 general partner did not have authority to act for the limited  
5 partnership in the particular matter and the person with which the  
6 general partner was dealing knew, had received a notification, or  
7 had notice under subsection (d) of Section 3 of this act that the  
8 general partner lacked authority.

9 (b) An act of a general partner which is not apparently for  
10 carrying on in the ordinary course the limited partnership's  
11 activities or activities of the kind carried on by the limited  
12 partnership binds the limited partnership only if the act was  
13 actually authorized by all the other partners.

14 SECTION 37. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified  
15 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 500-403 of Title 54, unless  
16 there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

17 LIMITED PARTNERSHIP LIABLE FOR GENERAL PARTNER'S ACTIONABLE  
18 CONDUCT.

19 (a) A limited partnership is liable for loss or injury caused  
20 to a person, or for a penalty incurred, as a result of a wrongful  
21 act or omission, or other actionable conduct, of a general partner  
22 acting in the ordinary course of activities of the limited  
23 partnership or with authority of the limited partnership.

24



1 (b) If, in the course of the limited partnership's activities  
2 or while acting with authority of the limited partnership, a general  
3 partner receives or causes the limited partnership to receive money  
4 or property of a person not a partner, and the money or property is  
5 misapplied by a general partner, the limited partnership is liable  
6 for the loss.

7 SECTION 38. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified  
8 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 500-404 of Title 54, unless  
9 there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

10 GENERAL PARTNER'S LIABILITY.

11 (a) Except as otherwise provided in subsections (b) and (c) of  
12 this section, all general partners are liable jointly and severally  
13 for all obligations of the limited partnership unless otherwise  
14 agreed by the claimant or provided by law.

15 (b) A person that becomes a general partner of an existing  
16 limited partnership is not personally liable for an obligation of a  
17 limited partnership incurred before the person became a general  
18 partner.

19 (c) An obligation of a limited partnership incurred while the  
20 limited partnership is a limited liability limited partnership,  
21 whether arising in contract, tort, or otherwise, is solely the  
22 obligation of the limited partnership. A general partner is not  
23 personally liable, directly or indirectly, by way of contribution or  
24 otherwise, for such an obligation solely by reason of being or

1 acting as a general partner. This subsection applies despite  
2 anything inconsistent in the partnership agreement that existed  
3 immediately before the consent required to become a limited  
4 liability limited partnership under paragraph (2) of subsection (b)  
5 of Section 40 of this act.

6 SECTION 39. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified  
7 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 500-405 of Title 54, unless  
8 there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

9 ACTIONS BY AND AGAINST PARTNERSHIP AND PARTNERS.

10 (a) To the extent not inconsistent with Section 38 of this act,  
11 a general partner may be joined in an action against the limited  
12 partnership or named in a separate action.

13 (b) A judgment against a limited partnership is not by itself a  
14 judgment against a general partner. A judgment against a limited  
15 partnership may not be satisfied from a general partner's assets  
16 unless there is also a judgment against the general partner.

17 (c) A judgment creditor of a general partner may not levy  
18 execution against the assets of the general partner to satisfy a  
19 judgment based on a claim against the limited partnership, unless  
20 the partner is personally liable for the claim under Section 38 of  
21 this act and:

22 (1) a judgment based on the same claim has been obtained  
23 against the limited partnership and a writ of execution on the  
24 judgment has been returned unsatisfied in whole or in part;

1       (2)   the limited partnership is a debtor in bankruptcy;

2       (3)   the general partner has agreed that the creditor need not  
3 exhaust limited partnership assets;

4       (4)   a court grants permission to the judgment creditor to levy  
5 execution against the assets of a general partner based on a finding  
6 that limited partnership assets subject to execution are clearly  
7 insufficient to satisfy the judgment, that exhaustion of limited  
8 partnership assets is excessively burdensome, or that the grant of  
9 permission is an appropriate exercise of the court's equitable  
10 powers; or

11       (5)   liability is imposed on the general partner by law or  
12 contract independent of the existence of the limited partnership.

13       SECTION 40.       NEW LAW       A new section of law to be codified  
14 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 500-406 of Title 54, unless  
15 there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

16       MANAGEMENT RIGHTS OF GENERAL PARTNER.

17       (a)   Each general partner has equal rights in the management and  
18 conduct of the limited partnership's activities. Except as  
19 expressly provided in the Uniform Limited Partnership Act of 2009,  
20 any matter relating to the activities of the limited partnership may  
21 be exclusively decided by the general partner or, if there is more  
22 than one general partner, by a majority of the general partners.

23       (b)   The consent of each partner is necessary to:

24       (1)   amend the partnership agreement;

1       (2) amend the certificate of limited partnership to add or,  
2 subject to Section 97 of this act, delete a statement that the  
3 limited partnership is a limited liability limited partnership; and

4       (3) sell, lease, exchange, or otherwise dispose of all, or  
5 substantially all, of the limited partnership's property, with or  
6 without the good will, other than in the usual and regular course of  
7 the limited partnership's activities.

8       (c) A limited partnership shall reimburse a general partner for  
9 payments made and indemnify a general partner for liabilities  
10 incurred by the general partner in the ordinary course of the  
11 activities of the partnership or for the preservation of its  
12 activities or property.

13       (d) A limited partnership shall reimburse a general partner for  
14 an advance to the limited partnership beyond the amount of capital  
15 the general partner agreed to contribute.

16       (e) A payment or advance made by a general partner which gives  
17 rise to an obligation of the limited partnership under subsection  
18 (c) or (d) of this section constitutes a loan to the limited  
19 partnership which accrues interest from the date of the payment or  
20 advance.

21       (f) A general partner is not entitled to remuneration for  
22 services performed for the partnership.

SECTION 41. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 500-407 of Title 54, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

RIGHT OF GENERAL PARTNER AND FORMER GENERAL PARTNER TO INFORMATION.

(a) A general partner, without having any particular purpose for seeking the information, may inspect and copy during regular business hours:

(1) in the limited partnership's designated office, required information; and

(2) at a reasonable location specified by the limited partnership, any other records maintained by the limited partnership regarding the limited partnership's activities and financial condition.

(b) Each general partner and the limited partnership shall furnish to a general partner:

(1) without demand, any information concerning the limited partnership's activities and activities reasonably required for the proper exercise of the general partner's rights and duties under the partnership agreement or the Uniform Limited Partnership Act of 2009; and

(2) on demand, any other information concerning the limited partnership's activities, except to the extent the demand or the

1 information demanded is unreasonable or otherwise improper under the  
2 circumstances.

3 (c) Subject to subsection (e) of this section, on ten (10)  
4 days' demand made in a record received by the limited partnership, a  
5 person dissociated as a general partner may have access to the  
6 information and records described in subsection (a) of this section  
7 at the location specified in subsection (a) of this section if:

8 (1) the information or record pertains to the period during  
9 which the person was a general partner;

10 (2) the person seeks the information or record in good faith;  
11 and

12 (3) the person satisfies the requirements imposed on a limited  
13 partner by subsection (b) of Section 32 of this act.

14 (d) The limited partnership shall respond to a demand made  
15 pursuant to subsection (c) of this section in the same manner as  
16 provided in subsection (c) of Section 32 of this act.

17 (e) If a general partner dies, Section 62 of this act applies.

18 (f) The limited partnership may impose reasonable restrictions  
19 on the use of information under this section. In any dispute  
20 concerning the reasonableness of a restriction under this  
21 subsection, the limited partnership has the burden of proving  
22 reasonableness.

23

24

1 (g) A limited partnership may charge a person dissociated as a  
2 general partner that makes a demand under this section reasonable  
3 costs of copying, limited to the costs of labor and material.

4 (h) A general partner or person dissociated as a general  
5 partner may exercise the rights under this section through an  
6 attorney or other agent. Any restriction imposed under subsection  
7 (f) of this section or by the partnership agreement applies both to  
8 the attorney or other agent and to the general partner or person  
9 dissociated as a general partner.

10 (i) The rights under this section do not extend to a person as  
11 transferee, but the rights under subsection (c) of this section of a  
12 person dissociated as a general partner may be exercised by the  
13 legal representative of an individual who dissociated as a general  
14 partner under subparagraph (B) or (C) of paragraph (7) of Section 54  
15 of this act.

16 SECTION 42. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified  
17 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 500-408 of Title 54, unless  
18 there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

19 GENERAL STANDARDS OF GENERAL PARTNER'S CONDUCT.

20 (a) The only fiduciary duties that a general partner has to the  
21 limited partnership and the other partners are the duties of loyalty  
22 and care under subsections (b) and (c) of this section.

23 (b) A general partner's duty of loyalty to the limited  
24 partnership and the other partners is limited to the following:

1       (1) to account to the limited partnership and hold as trustee  
2 for it any property, profit, or benefit derived by the general  
3 partner in the conduct and winding up of the limited partnership's  
4 activities or derived from a use by the general partner of limited  
5 partnership property, including the appropriation of a limited  
6 partnership opportunity;

7       (2) to refrain from dealing with the limited partnership in the  
8 conduct or winding up of the limited partnership's activities as or  
9 on behalf of a party having an interest adverse to the limited  
10 partnership; and

11       (3) to refrain from competing with the limited partnership in  
12 the conduct or winding up of the limited partnership's activities.

13       (c) A general partner's duty of care to the limited partnership  
14 and the other partners in the conduct and winding up of the limited  
15 partnership's activities is limited to refraining from engaging in  
16 grossly negligent or reckless conduct, intentional misconduct, or a  
17 knowing violation of law.

18       (d) A general partner shall discharge the duties to the  
19 partnership and the other partners under the Uniform Limited  
20 Partnership Act of 2009 or under the partnership agreement and  
21 exercise any rights consistently with the obligation of good faith  
22 and fair dealing.

23       (e) A general partner does not violate a duty or obligation  
24 under the Uniform Limited Partnership Act of 2009 or under the



1 partnership agreement merely because the general partner's conduct  
2 furthers the general partner's own interest.

3 ARTICLE 5

4 CONTRIBUTIONS AND DISTRIBUTIONS

5 SECTION 43. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified  
6 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 500-501 of Title 54, unless  
7 there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

8 FORM OF CONTRIBUTION.

9 A contribution of a partner may consist of tangible or  
10 intangible property or other benefit to the limited partnership,  
11 including money, services performed, promissory notes, other  
12 agreements to contribute cash or property, and contracts for  
13 services to be performed.

14 SECTION 44. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified  
15 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 500-502 of Title 54, unless  
16 there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

17 LIABILITY FOR CONTRIBUTION.

18 (a) A partner's obligation to contribute money or other  
19 property or other benefit to, or to perform services for, a limited  
20 partnership is not excused by the partner's death, disability, or  
21 other inability to perform personally.

22 (b) If a partner does not make a promised nonmonetary  
23 contribution, the partner is obligated at the option of the limited  
24 partnership to contribute money equal to that portion of the value,

1 as stated in the required information, of the stated contribution  
2 which has not been made.

3 (c) The obligation of a partner to make a contribution or  
4 return money or other property paid or distributed in violation of  
5 the Uniform Limited Partnership Act of 2009 may be compromised only  
6 by consent of all partners. A creditor of a limited partnership  
7 which extends credit or otherwise acts in reliance on an obligation  
8 described in subsection (a) of this section, without notice of any  
9 compromise under this subsection, may enforce the original  
10 obligation.

11 SECTION 45. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified  
12 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 500-503 of Title 54, unless  
13 there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

14 SHARING OF DISTRIBUTIONS.

15 A distribution by a limited partnership must be shared among the  
16 partners on the basis of the value, as stated in the required  
17 records when the limited partnership decides to make the  
18 distribution, of the contributions the limited partnership has  
19 received from each partner.

20 SECTION 46. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified  
21 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 500-504 of Title 54, unless  
22 there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

23 INTERIM DISTRIBUTIONS.  
24

1 A partner does not have a right to any distribution before the  
2 dissolution and winding up of the limited partnership unless the  
3 limited partnership decides to make an interim distribution.

4 SECTION 47. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified  
5 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 500-505 of Title 54, unless  
6 there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

7 NO DISTRIBUTION ON ACCOUNT OF DISSOCIATION.

8 A person does not have a right to receive a distribution on  
9 account of dissociation.

10 SECTION 48. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified  
11 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 500-506 of Title 54, unless  
12 there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

13 DISTRIBUTION IN KIND.

14 A partner does not have a right to demand or receive any  
15 distribution from a limited partnership in any form other than cash.  
16 Subject to subsection (b) of Section 74 of this act, a limited  
17 partnership may distribute an asset in kind to the extent each  
18 partner receives a percentage of the asset equal to the partner's  
19 share of distributions.

20 SECTION 49. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified  
21 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 500-507 of Title 54, unless  
22 there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

23 RIGHT TO DISTRIBUTION.

24

1       When a partner or transferee becomes entitled to receive a  
2 distribution, the partner or transferee has the status of, and is  
3 entitled to all remedies available to, a creditor of the limited  
4 partnership with respect to the distribution. However, the limited  
5 partnership's obligation to make a distribution is subject to offset  
6 for any amount owed to the limited partnership by the partner or  
7 dissociated partner on whose account the distribution is made.

8       SECTION 50.       NEW LAW       A new section of law to be codified  
9 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 500-508 of Title 54, unless  
10 there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

11       LIMITATIONS ON DISTRIBUTION.

12       (a) A limited partnership may not make a distribution in  
13 violation of the partnership agreement.

14       (b) A limited partnership may not make a distribution if after  
15 the distribution:

16       (1) the limited partnership would not be able to pay its debts  
17 as they become due in the ordinary course of the limited  
18 partnership's activities; or

19       (2) the limited partnership's total assets would be less than  
20 the sum of its total liabilities plus the amount that would be  
21 needed, if the limited partnership were to be dissolved, wound up,  
22 and terminated at the time of the distribution, to satisfy the  
23 preferential rights upon dissolution, winding up, and termination of  
24

1 partners whose preferential rights are superior to those of persons  
2 receiving the distribution.

3 (c) A limited partnership may base a determination that a  
4 distribution is not prohibited under subsection (b) of this section  
5 on financial statements prepared on the basis of accounting  
6 practices and principles that are reasonable in the circumstances or  
7 on a fair valuation or other method that is reasonable in the  
8 circumstances.

9 (d) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (g) of this  
10 section, the effect of a distribution under subsection (b) of this  
11 section is measured:

12 (1) in the case of distribution by purchase, redemption, or  
13 other acquisition of a transferable interest in the limited  
14 partnership, as of the date money or other property is transferred  
15 or debt incurred by the limited partnership; and

16 (2) in all other cases, as of the date:

17 (A) the distribution is authorized, if the payment occurs  
18 within one hundred twenty (120) days after that date;  
19 or

20 (B) the payment is made, if payment occurs more than one  
21 hundred twenty (120) days after the distribution is  
22 authorized.

23 (e) A limited partnership's indebtedness to a partner incurred  
24 by reason of a distribution made in accordance with this section is

1 at parity with the limited partnership's indebtedness to its  
2 general, unsecured creditors.

3 (f) A limited partnership's indebtedness, including  
4 indebtedness issued in connection with or as part of a distribution,  
5 is not considered a liability for purposes of subsection (b) of this  
6 section if the terms of the indebtedness provide that payment of  
7 principal and interest are made only to the extent that a  
8 distribution could then be made to partners under this section.

9 (g) If indebtedness is issued as a distribution, each payment  
10 of principal or interest on the indebtedness is treated as a  
11 distribution, the effect of which is measured on the date the  
12 payment is made.

13 SECTION 51. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified  
14 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 500-509 of Title 54, unless  
15 there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

16 LIABILITY FOR IMPROPER DISTRIBUTIONS.

17 (a) A general partner that consents to a distribution made in  
18 violation of Section 50 of this act is personally liable to the  
19 limited partnership for the amount of the distribution which exceeds  
20 the amount that could have been distributed without the violation if  
21 it is established that in consenting to the distribution the general  
22 partner failed to comply with Section 42 of this act.

23 (b) A partner or transferee that received a distribution  
24 knowing that the distribution to that partner or transferee was made

1 in violation of Section 50 of this act is personally liable to the  
2 limited partnership but only to the extent that the distribution  
3 received by the partner or transferee exceeded the amount that could  
4 have been properly paid under Section 50 of this act.

5 (c) A general partner against which an action is commenced  
6 under subsection (a) of this section may:

7 (1) implead in the action any other person that is liable under  
8 subsection (a) of this section and compel contribution from the  
9 person; and

10 (2) implead in the action any person that received a  
11 distribution in violation of subsection (b) of this section and  
12 compel contribution from the person in the amount the person  
13 received in violation of subsection (b) of this section.

14 (d) An action under this section is barred if it is not  
15 commenced within two (2) years after the distribution.

## 16 ARTICLE 6

### 17 DISSOCIATION

18 SECTION 52. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified  
19 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 500-601 of Title 54, unless  
20 there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

#### 21 DISSOCIATION AS LIMITED PARTNER.

22 (a) A person does not have a right to dissociate as a limited  
23 partner before the termination of the limited partnership.

1 (b) A person is dissociated from a limited partnership as a  
2 limited partner upon the occurrence of any of the following events:

3 (1) the limited partnership's having notice of the person's  
4 express will to withdraw as a limited partner or on a later date  
5 specified by the person;

6 (2) an event agreed to in the partnership agreement as causing  
7 the person's dissociation as a limited partner;

8 (3) the person's expulsion as a limited partner pursuant to the  
9 partnership agreement;

10 (4) the person's expulsion as a limited partner by the  
11 unanimous consent of the other partners if:

12 (A) it is unlawful to carry on the limited partnership's  
13 activities with the person as a limited partner;

14 (B) there has been a transfer of all of the person's  
15 transferable interest in the limited partnership,  
16 other than a transfer for security purposes, or a  
17 court order charging the person's interest, which has  
18 not been foreclosed;

19 (C) the person is a corporation and, within ninety (90)  
20 days after the limited partnership notifies the person  
21 that it will be expelled as a limited partner because  
22 it has filed a certificate of dissolution or the  
23 equivalent, its charter has been revoked, or its right  
24 to conduct business has been suspended by the



1 jurisdiction of its incorporation, there is no  
2 revocation of the certificate of dissolution or no  
3 reinstatement of its charter or its right to conduct  
4 business; or

5 (D) the person is a limited liability company or  
6 partnership that has been dissolved and whose business  
7 is being wound up;

8 (5) on application by the limited partnership, the person's  
9 expulsion as a limited partner by judicial order because:

10 (A) the person engaged in wrongful conduct that adversely  
11 and materially affected the limited partnership's  
12 activities;

13 (B) the person willfully or persistently committed a  
14 material breach of the partnership agreement or of the  
15 obligation of good faith and fair dealing under  
16 subsection (b) of Section 33 of this act; or

17 (C) the person engaged in conduct relating to the limited  
18 partnership's activities which makes it not reasonably  
19 practicable to carry on the activities with the person  
20 as limited partner;

21 (6) in the case of a person who is an individual, the person's  
22 death;

23 (7) in the case of a person that is a trust or is acting as a  
24 limited partner by virtue of being a trustee of a trust,

1 distribution of the trust's entire transferable interest in the  
2 limited partnership, but not merely by reason of the substitution of  
3 a successor trustee;

4 (8) in the case of a person that is an estate or is acting as a  
5 limited partner by virtue of being a personal representative of an  
6 estate, distribution of the estate's entire transferable interest in  
7 the limited partnership, but not merely by reason of the  
8 substitution of a successor personal representative;

9 (9) termination of a limited partner that is not an individual,  
10 partnership, limited liability company, corporation, trust, or  
11 estate;

12 (10) the limited partnership's participation in a conversion or  
13 merger under Article 11 of this act, if the limited partnership:

14 (A) is not the converted or surviving entity; or

15 (B) is the converted or surviving entity but, as a result  
16 of the conversion or merger, the person ceases to be a  
17 limited partner.

18 SECTION 53. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified  
19 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 500-602 of Title 54, unless  
20 there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

21 EFFECT OF DISSOCIATION AS LIMITED PARTNER.

22 (a) Upon a person's dissociation as a limited partner:

23 (1) subject to Section 62 of this act, the person does not have  
24 further rights as a limited partner;

1 (2) the person's obligation of good faith and fair dealing as a  
2 limited partner under subsection (b) of Section 33 of this act  
3 continues only as to matters arising and events occurring before the  
4 dissociation; and

5 (3) subject to Section 62 of this act and Article 11 of this  
6 act, any transferable interest owned by the person in the person's  
7 capacity as a limited partner immediately before dissociation is  
8 owned by the person as a mere transferee.

9 (b) A person's dissociation as a limited partner does not of  
10 itself discharge the person from any obligation to the limited  
11 partnership or the other partners which the person incurred while a  
12 limited partner.

13 SECTION 54. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified  
14 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 500-603 of Title 54, unless  
15 there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

16 DISSOCIATION AS GENERAL PARTNER.

17 A person is dissociated from a limited partnership as a general  
18 partner upon the occurrence of any of the following events:

19 (1) the limited partnership's having notice of the person's  
20 express will to withdraw as a general partner or on a later date  
21 specified by the person;

22 (2) an event agreed to in the partnership agreement as causing  
23 the person's dissociation as a general partner;

1 (3) the person's expulsion as a general partner pursuant to the  
2 partnership agreement;

3 (4) the person's expulsion as a general partner by the  
4 unanimous consent of the other partners if:

5 (A) it is unlawful to carry on the limited partnership's  
6 activities with the person as a general partner;

7 (B) there has been a transfer of all or substantially all  
8 of the person's transferable interest in the limited  
9 partnership, other than a transfer for security  
10 purposes, or a court order charging the person's  
11 interest, which has not been foreclosed;

12 (C) the person is a corporation and, within ninety (90)  
13 days after the limited partnership notifies the person  
14 that it will be expelled as a general partner because  
15 it has filed a certificate of dissolution or the  
16 equivalent, its charter has been revoked, or its right  
17 to conduct business has been suspended by the  
18 jurisdiction of its incorporation, there is no  
19 revocation of the certificate of dissolution or no  
20 reinstatement of its charter or its right to conduct  
21 business; or

22 (D) the person is a limited liability company or  
23 partnership that has been dissolved and whose business  
24 is being wound up;

1 (5) on application by the limited partnership, the person's  
2 expulsion as a general partner by judicial determination because:

3 (A) the person engaged in wrongful conduct that adversely  
4 and materially affected the limited partnership  
5 activities;

6 (B) the person willfully or persistently committed a  
7 material breach of the partnership agreement or of a  
8 duty owed to the partnership or the other partners  
9 under Section 42 of this act; or

10 (C) the person engaged in conduct relating to the limited  
11 partnership's activities which makes it not reasonably  
12 practicable to carry on the activities of the limited  
13 partnership with the person as a general partner;

14 (6) the person's:

15 (A) becoming a debtor in bankruptcy;

16 (B) execution of an assignment for the benefit of  
17 creditors;

18 (C) seeking, consenting to, or acquiescing in the  
19 appointment of a trustee, receiver, or liquidator of  
20 the person or of all or substantially all of the  
21 person's property; or

22 (D) failure, within ninety (90) days after the  
23 appointment, to have vacated or stayed the appointment  
24 of a trustee, receiver, or liquidator of the general

1 partner or of all or substantially all of the person's  
2 property obtained without the person's consent or  
3 acquiescence, or failing within ninety (90) days after  
4 the expiration of a stay to have the appointment  
5 vacated;

6 (7) in the case of a person who is an individual:

7 (A) the person's death;

8 (B) the appointment of a guardian or general conservator  
9 for the person; or

10 (C) a judicial determination that the person has otherwise  
11 become incapable of performing the person's duties as  
12 a general partner under the partnership agreement;

13 (8) in the case of a person that is a trust or is acting as a  
14 general partner by virtue of being a trustee of a trust,  
15 distribution of the trust's entire transferable interest in the  
16 limited partnership, but not merely by reason of the substitution of  
17 a successor trustee;

18 (9) in the case of a person that is an estate or is acting as a  
19 general partner by virtue of being a personal representative of an  
20 estate, distribution of the estate's entire transferable interest in  
21 the limited partnership, but not merely by reason of the  
22 substitution of a successor personal representative;

1 (10) termination of a general partner that is not an  
2 individual, partnership, limited liability company, corporation,  
3 trust, or estate; or

4 (11) the limited partnership's participation in a conversion or  
5 merger under Article 11 of this act, if the limited partnership:

6 (A) is not the converted or surviving entity; or

7 (B) is the converted or surviving entity but, as a result  
8 of the conversion or merger, the person ceases to be a  
9 general partner.

10 SECTION 55. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified  
11 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 500-604 of Title 54, unless  
12 there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

13 PERSON'S POWER TO DISSOCIATE AS GENERAL PARTNER; WRONGFUL  
14 DISSOCIATION.

15 (a) A person has the power to dissociate as a general partner  
16 at any time, rightfully or wrongfully, by express will pursuant to  
17 paragraph (1) of Section 54 of this act.

18 (b) A person's dissociation as a general partner is wrongful  
19 only if:

20 (1) it is in breach of an express provision of the partnership  
21 agreement; or

22 (2) it occurs before the termination of the limited  
23 partnership, and:  
24

1 (A) the person withdraws as a general partner by express  
2 will;

3 (B) the person is expelled as a general partner by  
4 judicial determination under paragraph (5) of Section  
5 54 of this act;

6 (C) the person is dissociated as a general partner by  
7 becoming a debtor in bankruptcy; or

8 (D) in the case of a person that is not an individual,  
9 trust other than a business trust, or estate, the  
10 person is expelled or otherwise dissociated as a  
11 general partner because it willfully dissolved or  
12 terminated.

13 (c) A person that wrongfully dissociates as a general partner  
14 is liable to the limited partnership and, subject to Section 83 of  
15 this act, to the other partners for damages caused by the  
16 dissociation. The liability is in addition to any other obligation  
17 of the general partner to the limited partnership or to the other  
18 partners.

19 SECTION 56. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified  
20 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 500-605 of Title 54, unless  
21 there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

22 EFFECT OF DISSOCIATION AS GENERAL PARTNER.

23 (a) Upon a person's dissociation as a general partner:  
24



1 (1) the person's right to participate as a general partner in  
2 the management and conduct of the partnership's activities  
3 terminates;

4 (2) the person's duty of loyalty as a general partner under  
5 paragraph (3) of subsection (b) of Section 42 of this act  
6 terminates;

7 (3) the person's duty of loyalty as a general partner under  
8 paragraphs (1) and (2) of subsection (b) of Section 42 of this act  
9 and duty of care under subsection (c) of Section 42 of this act  
10 continue only with regard to matters arising and events occurring  
11 before the person's dissociation as a general partner;

12 (4) the person may sign and deliver to the Secretary of State  
13 for filing a statement of dissociation pertaining to the person and,  
14 at the request of the limited partnership, shall sign an amendment  
15 to the certificate of limited partnership which states that the  
16 person has dissociated; and

17 (5) subject to Section 62 of this act and Article 11 of this  
18 act, any transferable interest owned by the person immediately  
19 before dissociation in the person's capacity as a general partner is  
20 owned by the person as a mere transferee.

21 (b) A person's dissociation as a general partner does not of  
22 itself discharge the person from any obligation to the limited  
23 partnership or the other partners which the person incurred while a  
24 general partner.

1       SECTION 57.       NEW LAW       A new section of law to be codified

2 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 500-606 of Title 54, unless  
3 there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

4       POWER TO BIND AND LIABILITY TO LIMITED PARTNERSHIP BEFORE  
5 DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP OF PERSON DISSOCIATED AS GENERAL PARTNER.

6       (a) After a person is dissociated as a general partner and  
7 before the limited partnership is dissolved, converted under Article  
8 11 of this act, or merged out of existence under Article 11 of this  
9 act, the limited partnership is bound by an act of the person only  
10 if:

11       (1) the act would have bound the limited partnership under  
12 Section 36 of this act before the dissociation; and

13       (2) at the time the other party enters into the transaction:

14           (A) less than two (2) years has passed since the  
15           dissociation; and

16           (B) the other party does not have notice of the  
17           dissociation and reasonably believes that the person  
18           is a general partner.

19       (b) If a limited partnership is bound under subsection (a) of  
20 this section, the person dissociated as a general partner which  
21 caused the limited partnership to be bound is liable:

22       (1) to the limited partnership for any damage caused to the  
23 limited partnership arising from the obligation incurred under  
24 subsection (a) of this section; and

1 (2) if a general partner or another person dissociated as a  
2 general partner is liable for the obligation, to the general partner  
3 or other person for any damage caused to the general partner or  
4 other person arising from the liability.

5 SECTION 58. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified  
6 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 500-607 of Title 54, unless  
7 there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

8 LIABILITY TO OTHER PERSONS OF PERSON DISSOCIATED AS GENERAL  
9 PARTNER.

10 (a) A person's dissociation as a general partner does not of  
11 itself discharge the person's liability as a general partner for an  
12 obligation of the limited partnership incurred before dissociation.  
13 Except as otherwise provided in subsections (b) and (c) of this  
14 section, the person is not liable for a limited partnership's  
15 obligation incurred after dissociation.

16 (b) A person whose dissociation as a general partner resulted  
17 in a dissolution and winding up of the limited partnership's  
18 activities is liable to the same extent as a general partner under  
19 Section 38 of this act on an obligation incurred by the limited  
20 partnership under Section 66 of this act.

21 (c) A person that has dissociated as a general partner but  
22 whose dissociation did not result in a dissolution and winding up of  
23 the limited partnership's activities is liable on a transaction  
24

1 entered into by the limited partnership after the dissociation only  
2 if:

3 (1) a general partner would be liable on the transaction; and

4 (2) at the time the other party enters into the transaction:

5 (A) less than two (2) years has passed since the  
6 dissociation; and

7 (B) the other party does not have notice of the  
8 dissociation and reasonably believes that the person  
9 is a general partner.

10 (d) By agreement with a creditor of a limited partnership and  
11 the limited partnership, a person dissociated as a general partner  
12 may be released from liability for an obligation of the limited  
13 partnership.

14 (e) A person dissociated as a general partner is released from  
15 liability for an obligation of the limited partnership if the  
16 limited partnership's creditor, with notice of the person's  
17 dissociation as a general partner but without the person's consent,  
18 agrees to a material alteration in the nature or time of payment of  
19 the obligation.

20 ARTICLE 7

21 TRANSFERABLE INTERESTS AND RIGHTS

22 OF TRANSFEREES AND CREDITORS  
23  
24

SECTION 59. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 500-701 of Title 54, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

PARTNER'S TRANSFERABLE INTEREST.

The only interest of a partner which is transferable is the partner's transferable interest. A transferable interest is personal property.

SECTION 60. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 500-702 of Title 54, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

TRANSFER OF PARTNER'S TRANSFERABLE INTEREST.

(a) A transfer, in whole or in part, of a partner's transferable interest:

(1) is permissible;

(2) does not by itself cause the partner's dissociation or a dissolution and winding up of the limited partnership's activities; and

(3) does not, as against the other partners or the limited partnership, entitle the transferee to participate in the management or conduct of the limited partnership's activities, to require access to information concerning the limited partnership's transactions except as otherwise provided in subsection (c) of this section, or to inspect or copy the required information or the limited partnership's other records.

1 (b) A transferee has a right to receive, in accordance with the  
2 transfer:

3 (1) distributions to which the transferor would otherwise be  
4 entitled; and

5 (2) upon the dissolution and winding up of the limited  
6 partnership's activities the net amount otherwise distributable to  
7 the transferor.

8 (c) In a dissolution and winding up, a transferee is entitled  
9 to an account of the limited partnership's transactions only from  
10 the date of dissolution.

11 (d) Upon transfer, the transferor retains the rights of a  
12 partner other than the interest in distributions transferred and  
13 retains all duties and obligations of a partner.

14 (e) A limited partnership need not give effect to a  
15 transferee's rights under this section until the limited partnership  
16 has notice of the transfer.

17 (f) A transfer of a partner's transferable interest in the  
18 limited partnership in violation of a restriction on transfer  
19 contained in the partnership agreement is ineffective as to a person  
20 having notice of the restriction at the time of transfer.

21 (g) A transferee that becomes a partner with respect to a  
22 transferable interest is liable for the transferor's obligations  
23 under Sections 44 and 51 of this act. However, the transferee is  
24

1 not obligated for liabilities unknown to the transferee at the time  
2 the transferee became a partner.

3 SECTION 61. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified  
4 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 500-703 of Title 54, unless  
5 there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

6 RIGHTS OF CREDITOR OF PARTNER OR TRANSFEREE.

7 (a) On application to a court of competent jurisdiction by any  
8 judgment creditor of a partner or transferee, the court may charge  
9 the transferable interest of the judgment debtor with payment of the  
10 unsatisfied amount of the judgment with interest. To the extent so  
11 charged, the judgment creditor has only the rights of a transferee.  
12 The court may appoint a receiver of the share of the distributions  
13 due or to become due to the judgment debtor in respect of the  
14 partnership and make all other orders, directions, accounts, and  
15 inquiries the judgment debtor might have made or which the  
16 circumstances of the case may require to give effect to the charging  
17 order.

18 (b) A charging order constitutes a lien on the judgment  
19 debtor's transferable interest. The court may order a foreclosure  
20 upon the interest subject to the charging order at any time. The  
21 purchaser at the foreclosure sale has the rights of a transferee.

22 (c) At any time before foreclosure, an interest charged may be  
23 redeemed:

24 (1) by the judgment debtor;

1       (2)   with property other than limited partnership property, by  
2 one or more of the other partners; or

3       (3)   with limited partnership property, by the limited  
4 partnership with the consent of all partners whose interests are not  
5 so charged.

6       (d)   The Uniform Limited Partnership Act of 2009 does not  
7 deprive any partner or transferee of the benefit of any exemption  
8 laws applicable to the partner's or transferee's transferable  
9 interest.

10       (e)   This section provides the exclusive remedy by which a  
11 judgment creditor of a partner or transferee may satisfy a judgment  
12 out of the judgment debtor's transferable interest.

13       SECTION 62.       NEW LAW       A new section of law to be codified  
14 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 500-704 of Title 54, unless  
15 there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

16       POWER OF ESTATE OF DECEASED PARTNER.

17       If a partner dies, the deceased partner's personal  
18 representative or other legal representative may exercise the rights  
19 of a transferee as provided in Section 60 of this act and, for the  
20 purposes of settling the estate, may exercise the rights of a  
21 current limited partner under Section 32 of this act.

22                       ARTICLE 8

23                       DISSOLUTION



SECTION 63. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 500-801 of Title 54, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

NONJUDICIAL DISSOLUTION.

Except as otherwise provided in Section 64 of this act, a limited partnership is dissolved, and its activities must be wound up, only upon the occurrence of any of the following:

(1) the happening of an event specified in the partnership agreement;

(2) the consent of all general partners and of limited partners owning a majority of the rights to receive distributions as limited partners at the time the consent is to be effective;

(3) after the dissociation of a person as a general partner:

(A) if the limited partnership has at least one remaining general partner, the consent to dissolve the limited partnership given within ninety (90) days after the dissociation by partners owning a majority of the rights to receive distributions as partners at the time the consent is to be effective; or

(B) if the limited partnership does not have a remaining general partner, the passage of ninety (90) days after the dissociation, unless before the end of the period:

(i) consent to continue the activities of the limited partnership and admit at least one general

1 partner is given by limited partners owning a  
2 majority of the rights to receive distributions  
3 as limited partners at the time the consent is to  
4 be effective; and

5 (ii) at least one person is admitted as a general  
6 partner in accordance with the consent;

7 (4) the passage of ninety (90) days after the dissociation of  
8 the limited partnership's last limited partner, unless before the  
9 end of the period the limited partnership admits at least one  
10 limited partner; or

11 (5) the signing and filing of a declaration of dissolution by  
12 the Secretary of State under subsection (c) of Section 71 of this  
13 act.

14 SECTION 64. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified  
15 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 500-802 of Title 54, unless  
16 there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

17 JUDICIAL DISSOLUTION.

18 On application by a partner the district court may order  
19 dissolution of a limited partnership if it is not reasonably  
20 practicable to carry on the activities of the limited partnership in  
21 conformity with the partnership agreement.

22 SECTION 65. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified  
23 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 500-803 of Title 54, unless  
24 there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

1 WINDING UP.

2 (a) A limited partnership continues after dissolution only for  
3 the purpose of winding up its activities.

4 (b) In winding up its activities, the limited partnership:

5 (1) may amend its certificate of limited partnership to state  
6 that the limited partnership is dissolved, preserve the limited  
7 partnership business or property as a going concern for a reasonable  
8 time, prosecute and defend actions and proceedings, whether civil,  
9 criminal, or administrative, transfer the limited partnership's  
10 property, settle disputes by mediation or arbitration, file a  
11 statement of termination as provided in Section 21 of this act, and  
12 perform other necessary acts; and

13 (2) shall discharge the limited partnership's liabilities,  
14 settle and close the limited partnership's activities, and marshal  
15 and distribute the assets of the partnership.

16 (c) If a dissolved limited partnership does not have a general  
17 partner, a person to wind up the dissolved limited partnership's  
18 activities may be appointed by the consent of limited partners  
19 owning a majority of the rights to receive distributions as limited  
20 partners at the time the consent is to be effective. A person  
21 appointed under this subsection:

22 (1) has the powers of a general partner under Section 66 of  
23 this act; and  
24

1 (2) shall promptly amend the certificate of limited partnership  
2 to state:

3 (A) that the limited partnership does not have a general  
4 partner;

5 (B) the name of the person that has been appointed to wind  
6 up the limited partnership; and

7 (C) the street and mailing address of the person.

8 (d) On the application of any partner, the district court may  
9 order judicial supervision of the winding up, including the  
10 appointment of a person to wind up the dissolved limited  
11 partnership's activities, if:

12 (1) a limited partnership does not have a general partner and  
13 within a reasonable time following the dissolution no person has  
14 been appointed pursuant to subsection (c) of this section; or

15 (2) the applicant establishes other good cause.

16 SECTION 66. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified  
17 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 500-804 of Title 54, unless  
18 there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

19 POWER OF GENERAL PARTNER AND PERSON DISSOCIATED AS GENERAL  
20 PARTNER TO BIND PARTNERSHIP AFTER DISSOLUTION.

21 (a) A limited partnership is bound by a general partner's act  
22 after dissolution which:

23 (1) is appropriate for winding up the limited partnership's  
24 activities; or

1       (2) would have bound the limited partnership under Section 36  
2 of this act before dissolution, if, at the time the other party  
3 enters into the transaction, the other party does not have notice of  
4 the dissolution.

5       (b) A person dissociated as a general partner binds a limited  
6 partnership through an act occurring after dissolution if:

7       (1) at the time the other party enters into the transaction:

8           (A) less than two (2) years has passed since the  
9           dissociation; and

10          (B) the other party does not have notice of the  
11          dissociation and reasonably believes that the person  
12          is a general partner; and

13       (2) the act:

14           (A) is appropriate for winding up the limited  
15           partnership's activities; or

16          (B) would have bound the limited partnership under Section  
17          36 of this act before dissolution and at the time the  
18          other party enters into the transaction the other  
19          party does not have notice of the dissolution.

20       SECTION 67.       NEW LAW       A new section of law to be codified  
21 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 500-805 of Title 54, unless  
22 there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:  
23  
24

1       LIABILITY AFTER DISSOLUTION OF GENERAL PARTNER AND PERSON

2       DISSOCIATED AS GENERAL PARTNER TO LIMITED PARTNERSHIP, OTHER GENERAL  
3       PARTNERS, AND PERSONS DISSOCIATED AS GENERAL PARTNER.

4       (a)   If a general partner having knowledge of the dissolution  
5       causes a limited partnership to incur an obligation under subsection  
6       (a) of Section 66 of this act by an act that is not appropriate for  
7       winding up the partnership's activities, the general partner is  
8       liable:

9       (1)   to the limited partnership for any damage caused to the  
10       limited partnership arising from the obligation; and

11       (2)   if another general partner or a person dissociated as a  
12       general partner is liable for the obligation, to that other general  
13       partner or person for any damage caused to that other general  
14       partner or person arising from the liability.

15       (b)   If a person dissociated as a general partner causes a  
16       limited partnership to incur an obligation under subsection (b) of  
17       Section 66 of this act, the person is liable:

18       (1)   to the limited partnership for any damage caused to the  
19       limited partnership arising from the obligation; and

20       (2)   if a general partner or another person dissociated as a  
21       general partner is liable for the obligation, to the general partner  
22       or other person for any damage caused to the general partner or  
23       other person arising from the liability.

SECTION 68. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 500-806 of Title 54, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

KNOWN CLAIMS AGAINST DISSOLVED LIMITED PARTNERSHIP.

(a) A dissolved limited partnership may dispose of the known claims against it by following the procedure described in subsection (b) of this section.

(b) A dissolved limited partnership may notify its known claimants of the dissolution in a record. The notice must:

- (1) specify the information required to be included in a claim;
- (2) provide a mailing address to which the claim is to be sent;
- (3) state the deadline for receipt of the claim, which may not be less than one hundred twenty (120) days after the date the notice is received by the claimant;
- (4) state that the claim will be barred if not received by the deadline; and
- (5) unless the limited partnership has been throughout its existence a limited liability limited partnership, state that the barring of a claim against the limited partnership will also bar any corresponding claim against any general partner or person dissociated as a general partner which is based on Section 38 of this act.

(c) A claim against a dissolved limited partnership is barred if the requirements of subsection (b) are met and:

1 (1) the claim is not received by the specified deadline; or

2 (2) in the case of a claim that is timely received but rejected  
3 by the dissolved limited partnership, the claimant does not commence  
4 an action to enforce the claim against the limited partnership  
5 within ninety (90) days after the receipt of the notice of the  
6 rejection.

7 (d) This section does not apply to a claim based on an event  
8 occurring after the effective date of dissolution or a liability  
9 that is contingent on that date.

10 SECTION 69. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified  
11 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 500-807 of Title 54, unless  
12 there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

13 OTHER CLAIMS AGAINST DISSOLVED LIMITED PARTNERSHIP.

14 (a) A dissolved limited partnership may publish notice of its  
15 dissolution and request persons having claims against the limited  
16 partnership to present them in accordance with the notice.

17 (b) The notice must:

18 (1) be published at least once in a newspaper of general  
19 circulation in the county in which the dissolved limited  
20 partnership's principal office is located or, if it has none in this  
21 state, in the county in which the limited partnership's designated  
22 office is or was last located;



1 (2) describe the information required to be contained in a  
2 claim and provide a mailing address to which the claim is to be  
3 sent;

4 (3) state that a claim against the limited partnership is  
5 barred unless an action to enforce the claim is commenced within  
6 five (5) years after publication of the notice; and

7 (4) unless the limited partnership has been throughout its  
8 existence a limited liability limited partnership, state that the  
9 barring of a claim against the limited partnership will also bar any  
10 corresponding claim against any general partner or person  
11 dissociated as a general partner which is based on Section 38 of  
12 this act.

13 (c) If a dissolved limited partnership publishes a notice in  
14 accordance with subsection (b) of this section, the claim of each of  
15 the following claimants is barred unless the claimant commences an  
16 action to enforce the claim against the dissolved limited  
17 partnership within five (5) years after the publication date of the  
18 notice:

19 (1) a claimant that did not receive notice in a record under  
20 Section 68 of this act;

21 (2) a claimant whose claim was timely sent to the dissolved  
22 limited partnership but not acted on; and

23 (3) a claimant whose claim is contingent or based on an event  
24 occurring after the effective date of dissolution.

(d) A claim not barred under this section may be enforced:

(1) against the dissolved limited partnership, to the extent of its undistributed assets;

(2) if the assets have been distributed in liquidation, against a partner or transferee to the extent of that person's proportionate share of the claim or the limited partnership's assets distributed to the partner or transferee in liquidation, whichever is less, but a person's total liability for all claims under this paragraph does not exceed the total amount of assets distributed to the person as part of the winding up of the dissolved limited partnership; or

(3) against any person liable on the claim under Section 38 of this act.

SECTION 70. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 500-808 of Title 54, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

LIABILITY OF GENERAL PARTNER AND PERSON DISSOCIATED AS GENERAL PARTNER WHEN CLAIM AGAINST LIMITED PARTNERSHIP BARRED.

If a claim against a dissolved limited partnership is barred under Section 68 or 69 of this act, any corresponding claim under Section 38 of this act is also barred.

SECTION 71. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 500-809 of Title 54, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

ADMINISTRATIVE DISSOLUTION.

1 (a) The Secretary of State may dissolve a limited partnership  
2 administratively if the limited partnership does not, within sixty  
3 (60) days after the due date:

4 (1) pay any fee, tax, or penalty due to the Secretary of State  
5 under the Uniform Limited Partnership Act of 2009 or other law; or

6 (2) deliver its annual report to the Secretary of State.

7 (b) If the Secretary of State determines that a ground exists  
8 for administratively dissolving a limited partnership, the Secretary  
9 of State shall file a record of the determination and serve the  
10 limited partnership with a copy of the filed record.

11 (c) If within sixty (60) days after service of the copy the  
12 limited partnership does not correct each ground for dissolution or  
13 demonstrate to the reasonable satisfaction of the Secretary of State  
14 that each ground determined by the Secretary of State does not  
15 exist, the Secretary of State shall administratively dissolve the  
16 limited partnership by preparing, signing and filing a declaration  
17 of dissolution that states the grounds for dissolution. The  
18 Secretary of State shall serve the limited partnership with a copy  
19 of the filed declaration.

20 (d) A limited partnership administratively dissolved continues  
21 its existence but may carry on only activities necessary to wind up  
22 its activities and liquidate its assets under Sections 65 and 74 of  
23 this act and to notify claimants under Sections 68 and 69 of this  
24 act.

1 (e) The administrative dissolution of a limited partnership  
2 does not terminate the authority of its agent for service of  
3 process.

4 SECTION 72. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified  
5 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 500-810 of Title 54, unless  
6 there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

7 REINSTATEMENT FOLLOWING ADMINISTRATIVE DISSOLUTION.

8 (a) A limited partnership that has been administratively  
9 dissolved may apply to the Secretary of State for reinstatement  
10 within two (2) years after the effective date of dissolution. The  
11 application must be delivered to the Secretary of State for filing  
12 and state:

13 (1) the name of the limited partnership and the effective date  
14 of its administrative dissolution;

15 (2) that the grounds for dissolution either did not exist or  
16 have been eliminated; and

17 (3) that the limited partnership's name satisfies the  
18 requirements of Section 8 of this act.

19 (b) If the Secretary of State determines that an application  
20 contains the information required by subsection (a) of this section  
21 and that the information is correct, the Secretary of State shall  
22 prepare a declaration of reinstatement that states this  
23 determination, sign, and file the original of the declaration of  
24 reinstatement, and serve the limited partnership with a copy.

1 (c) When reinstatement becomes effective, it relates back to  
2 and takes effect as of the effective date of the administrative  
3 dissolution and the limited partnership may resume its activities as  
4 if the administrative dissolution had never occurred.

5 SECTION 73. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified  
6 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 500-811 of Title 54, unless  
7 there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

8 APPEAL FROM DENIAL OF REINSTATEMENT.

9 (a) If the Secretary of State denies a limited partnership's  
10 application for reinstatement following administrative dissolution,  
11 the Secretary of State shall prepare, sign and file a notice that  
12 explains the reason or reasons for denial and serve the limited  
13 partnership with a copy of the notice.

14 (b) Within thirty (30) days after service of the notice of  
15 denial, the limited partnership may appeal from the denial of  
16 reinstatement by petitioning the district court to set aside the  
17 dissolution. The petition must be served on the Secretary of State  
18 and contain a copy of the Secretary of State's declaration of  
19 dissolution, the limited partnership's application for  
20 reinstatement, and the Secretary of State's notice of denial.

21 (c) The court may summarily order the Secretary of State to  
22 reinstate the dissolved limited partnership or may take other action  
23 the court considers appropriate.  
24

1       SECTION 74.       NEW LAW       A new section of law to be codified

2 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 500-812 of Title 54, unless  
3 there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

4       DISPOSITION OF ASSETS; WHEN CONTRIBUTIONS REQUIRED.

5       (a) In winding up a limited partnership's activities, the  
6 assets of the limited partnership, including the contributions  
7 required by this section, must be applied to satisfy the limited  
8 partnership's obligations to creditors, including, to the extent  
9 permitted by law, partners that are creditors.

10       (b) Any surplus remaining after the limited partnership  
11 complies with subsection (a) of this section must be paid in cash as  
12 a distribution.

13       (c) If a limited partnership's assets are insufficient to  
14 satisfy all of its obligations under subsection (a) of this section,  
15 with respect to each unsatisfied obligation incurred when the  
16 limited partnership was not a limited liability limited partnership,  
17 the following rules apply:

18       (1) Each person that was a general partner when the obligation  
19 was incurred and that has not been released from the obligation  
20 under Section 58 of this act shall contribute to the limited  
21 partnership for the purpose of enabling the limited partnership to  
22 satisfy the obligation. The contribution due from each of those  
23 persons is in proportion to the right to receive distributions in  
24

1 the capacity of general partner in effect for each of those persons  
2 when the obligation was incurred.

3 (2) If a person does not contribute the full amount required  
4 under paragraph (1) of this subsection with respect to an  
5 unsatisfied obligation of the limited partnership, the other persons  
6 required to contribute by paragraph (1) of this subsection on  
7 account of the obligation shall contribute the additional amount  
8 necessary to discharge the obligation. The additional contribution  
9 due from each of those other persons is in proportion to the right  
10 to receive distributions in the capacity of general partner in  
11 effect for each of those other persons when the obligation was  
12 incurred.

13 (3) If a person does not make the additional contribution  
14 required by paragraph (2) of this subsection, further additional  
15 contributions are determined and due in the same manner as provided  
16 in that paragraph.

17 (d) A person that makes an additional contribution under  
18 paragraph (2) or (3) of subsection (c) of this section may recover  
19 from any person whose failure to contribute under paragraph (1) or  
20 (2) of subsection (c) of this section necessitated the additional  
21 contribution. A person may not recover under this subsection more  
22 than the amount additionally contributed. A person's liability  
23 under this subsection may not exceed the amount the person failed to  
24 contribute.

1 (e) The estate of a deceased individual is liable for the  
2 person's obligations under this section.

3 (f) An assignee for the benefit of creditors of a limited  
4 partnership or a partner, or a person appointed by a court to  
5 represent creditors of a limited partnership or a partner, may  
6 enforce a person's obligation to contribute under subsection (c) of  
7 this section.

## 8 ARTICLE 9

### 9 FOREIGN LIMITED PARTNERSHIPS

10 SECTION 75. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified  
11 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 500-901 of Title 54, unless  
12 there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

#### 13 GOVERNING LAW.

14 (a) The laws of the state or other jurisdiction under which a  
15 foreign limited partnership is organized govern relations among the  
16 partners of the foreign limited partnership and between the partners  
17 and the foreign limited partnership and the liability of partners as  
18 partners for an obligation of the foreign limited partnership.

19 (b) A foreign limited partnership may not be denied a  
20 certificate of authority by reason of any difference between the  
21 laws of the jurisdiction under which the foreign limited partnership  
22 is organized and the laws of this state.

23 (c) A certificate of authority does not authorize a foreign  
24 limited partnership to engage in any business or exercise any power



1 that a limited partnership may not engage in or exercise in this  
2 state.

3 SECTION 76. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified  
4 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 500-902 of Title 54, unless  
5 there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

6 APPLICATION FOR CERTIFICATE OF AUTHORITY.

7 (a) A foreign limited partnership may apply for a certificate  
8 of authority to transact business in this state by delivering an  
9 application to the Secretary of State for filing. The application  
10 must state:

11 (1) the name of the foreign limited partnership and, if the  
12 name does not comply with Section 8 of this act, an alternate name  
13 adopted pursuant to subsection (a) of Section 79 of this act.

14 (2) the name of the state or other jurisdiction under whose law  
15 the foreign limited partnership is organized;

16 (3) the street and mailing address of the foreign limited  
17 partnership's principal office and, if the laws of the jurisdiction  
18 under which the foreign limited partnership is organized require the  
19 foreign limited partnership to maintain an office in that  
20 jurisdiction, the street and mailing address of the required office;

21 (4) the name and street and mailing address of the foreign  
22 limited partnership's initial agent for service of process in this  
23 state;

1 (5) the name and street and mailing address of each of the  
2 foreign limited partnership's general partners; and

3 (6) whether the foreign limited partnership is a foreign  
4 limited liability limited partnership.

5 (b) A foreign limited partnership shall deliver with the  
6 completed application a certificate of existence or a record of  
7 similar import signed by the Secretary of State or other official  
8 having custody of the foreign limited partnership's publicly filed  
9 records in the state or other jurisdiction under whose law the  
10 foreign limited partnership is organized.

11 SECTION 77. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified  
12 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 500-903 of Title 54, unless  
13 there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

14 ACTIVITIES NOT CONSTITUTING TRANSACTING BUSINESS.

15 (a) Activities of a foreign limited partnership which do not  
16 constitute transacting business in this state within the meaning of  
17 this article include:

18 (1) maintaining, defending, and settling an action or  
19 proceeding;

20 (2) holding meetings of its partners or carrying on any other  
21 activity concerning its internal affairs;

22 (3) maintaining accounts in financial institutions;

23 (4) maintaining offices or agencies for the transfer, exchange,  
24 and registration of the foreign limited partnership's own securities

1 or maintaining trustees or depositories with respect to those  
2 securities;

3 (5) selling through independent contractors;

4 (6) soliciting or obtaining orders, whether by mail or  
5 electronic means or through employees or agents or otherwise, if the  
6 orders require acceptance outside this state before they become  
7 contracts;

8 (7) creating or acquiring indebtedness, mortgages, or security  
9 interests in real or personal property;

10 (8) securing or collecting debts or enforcing mortgages or  
11 other security interests in property securing the debts, and  
12 holding, protecting, and maintaining property so acquired;

13 (9) conducting an isolated transaction that is completed within  
14 thirty (30) days and is not one in the course of similar  
15 transactions of a like manner; and

16 (10) transacting business in interstate commerce.

17 (b) For purposes of this article, the ownership in this state  
18 of income-producing real property or tangible personal property,  
19 other than property excluded under subsection (a) of this section,  
20 constitutes transacting business in this state.

21 (c) This section does not apply in determining the contacts or  
22 activities that may subject a foreign limited partnership to service  
23 of process, taxation, or regulation under any other law of this  
24 state.

SECTION 78. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 500-904 of Title 54, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

FILING OF CERTIFICATE OF AUTHORITY.

Unless the Secretary of State determines that an application for a certificate of authority does not comply with the filing requirements of the Uniform Limited Partnership Act of 2009, the Secretary of State, upon payment of all filing fees, shall file the application, prepare, sign and file a certificate of authority to transact business in this state, and send a copy of the filed certificate, together with a receipt for the fees, to the foreign limited partnership or its representative.

SECTION 79. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 500-905 of Title 54, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

NONCOMPLYING NAME OF FOREIGN LIMITED PARTNERSHIP.

(a) A foreign limited partnership whose name does not comply with Section 8 of this act may not obtain a certificate of authority until it adopts, for the purpose of transacting business in this state, an alternate name that complies with Section 8 of this act. After obtaining a certificate of authority with an alternate name, a foreign limited partnership shall transact business in this state under that name.

1 (b) If a foreign limited partnership authorized to transact  
2 business in this state changes its name to one that does not comply  
3 with Section 8 of this act, it may not thereafter transact business  
4 in this state until it complies with subsection (a) of this section  
5 and obtains an amended certificate of authority.

6 SECTION 80. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified  
7 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 500-906 of Title 54, unless  
8 there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

9 REVOCATION OF CERTIFICATE OF AUTHORITY.

10 (a) A certificate of authority of a foreign limited partnership  
11 to transact business in this state may be revoked by the Secretary  
12 of State in the manner provided in subsections (b) and (c) of this  
13 section if the foreign limited partnership does not:

14 (1) pay, within sixty (60) days after the due date, any fee,  
15 tax or penalty due to the Secretary of State under the Uniform  
16 Limited Partnership Act of 2009 or other law;

17 (2) deliver, within sixty (60) days after the due date, its  
18 annual report required under Section 28 of this act;

19 (3) appoint and maintain an agent for service of process as  
20 required by subsection (b) of Section 14 of this act; or

21 (4) deliver for filing a statement of a change under Section 15  
22 of this act within thirty (30) days after a change has occurred in  
23 the name or address of the agent.  
24

1 (b) In order to revoke a certificate of authority, the  
2 Secretary of State must prepare, sign, and file a notice of  
3 revocation and send a copy to the foreign limited partnership's  
4 agent for service of process in this state, or if the foreign  
5 limited partnership does not appoint and maintain a proper agent in  
6 this state, to the foreign limited partnership's designated office.  
7 The notice must state:

8 (1) the revocation's effective date, which must be at least  
9 sixty (60) days after the date the Secretary of State sends the  
10 copy; and

11 (2) the foreign limited partnership's failures to comply with  
12 subsection (a) of this section which are the reason for the  
13 revocation.

14 (c) The authority of the foreign limited partnership to  
15 transact business in this state ceases on the effective date of the  
16 notice of revocation unless before that date the foreign limited  
17 partnership cures each failure to comply with subsection (a) of this  
18 section stated in the notice. If the foreign limited partnership  
19 cures the failures, the Secretary of State shall so indicate on the  
20 filed notice.

21 SECTION 81. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified  
22 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 500-907 of Title 54, unless  
23 there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:  
24

1 CANCELLATION OF CERTIFICATE OF AUTHORITY; EFFECT OF FAILURE TO  
2 HAVE CERTIFICATE.

3 (a) In order to cancel its certificate of authority to transact  
4 business in this state, a foreign limited partnership must deliver  
5 to the Secretary of State for filing a notice of cancellation. The  
6 certificate is canceled when the notice becomes effective under  
7 Section 24 of this act.

8 (b) A foreign limited partnership transacting business in this  
9 state may not maintain an action or proceeding in this state unless  
10 it has a certificate of authority to transact business in this  
11 state.

12 (c) The failure of a foreign limited partnership to have a  
13 certificate of authority to transact business in this state does not  
14 impair the validity of a contract or act of the foreign limited  
15 partnership or prevent the foreign limited partnership from  
16 defending an action or proceeding in this state.

17 (d) A partner of a foreign limited partnership is not liable  
18 for the obligations of the foreign limited partnership solely by  
19 reason of the foreign limited partnership's having transacted  
20 business in this state without a certificate of authority.

21 (e) If a foreign limited partnership transacts business in this  
22 state without a certificate of authority or cancels its certificate  
23 of authority, it appoints the Secretary of State as its agent for  
24

1 service of process for rights of action arising out of the  
2 transaction of business in this state.

3 SECTION 82. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified  
4 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 500-908 of Title 54, unless  
5 there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

6 ACTION BY ATTORNEY GENERAL.

7 The Attorney General may maintain an action to restrain a  
8 foreign limited partnership from transacting business in this state  
9 in violation of this article.

10 ARTICLE 10

11 ACTIONS BY PARTNERS

12 SECTION 83. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified  
13 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 500-1001 of Title 54, unless  
14 there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

15 DIRECT ACTION BY PARTNER.

16 (a) Subject to subsection (b) of this section, a partner may  
17 maintain a direct action against the limited partnership or another  
18 partner for legal or equitable relief, with or without an accounting  
19 as to the partnership's activities, to enforce the rights and  
20 otherwise protect the interests of the partner, including rights and  
21 interests under the partnership agreement or the Uniform Limited  
22 Partnership Act of 2009 or arising independently of the partnership  
23 relationship.



1 (b) A partner commencing a direct action under this section is  
2 required to plead and prove an actual or threatened injury that is  
3 not solely the result of an injury suffered or threatened to be  
4 suffered by the limited partnership.

5 (c) The accrual of, and any time limitation on, a right of  
6 action for a remedy under this section is governed by other law. A  
7 right to an accounting upon a dissolution and winding up does not  
8 revive a claim barred by law.

9 SECTION 84. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified  
10 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 500-1002 of Title 54, unless  
11 there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

12 DERIVATIVE ACTION.

13 A partner may maintain a derivative action to enforce a right of  
14 a limited partnership if:

15 (1) the partner first makes a demand on the general partners,  
16 requesting that they cause the limited partnership to bring an  
17 action to enforce the right, and the general partners do not bring  
18 the action within a reasonable time; or

19 (2) a demand would be futile.

20 SECTION 85. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified  
21 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 500-1003 of Title 54, unless  
22 there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

23 PROPER PLAINTIFF.

24

1 A derivative action may be maintained only by a person that is a  
2 partner at the time the action is commenced and:

3 (1) that was a partner when the conduct giving rise to the  
4 action occurred; or

5 (2) whose status as a partner devolved upon the person by  
6 operation of law or pursuant to the terms of the partnership  
7 agreement from a person that was a partner at the time of the  
8 conduct.

9 SECTION 86. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified  
10 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 500-1004 of Title 54, unless  
11 there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

12 PLEADING.

13 In a derivative action, the complaint must state with  
14 particularity:

15 (1) the date and content of plaintiff's demand and the general  
16 partners' response to the demand; or

17 (2) why demand should be excused as futile.

18 SECTION 87. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified  
19 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 500-1005 of Title 54, unless  
20 there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

21 PROCEEDS AND EXPENSES.

22 (a) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (b) of this  
23 section:  
24

1 (1) any proceeds or other benefits of a derivative action,  
2 whether by judgment, compromise, or settlement, belong to the  
3 limited partnership and not to the derivative plaintiff;

4 (2) if the derivative plaintiff receives any proceeds, the  
5 derivative plaintiff shall immediately remit them to the limited  
6 partnership.

7 (b) If a derivative action is successful in whole or in part,  
8 the court may award the plaintiff reasonable expenses, including  
9 reasonable attorney fees, from the recovery of the limited  
10 partnership.

## 11 ARTICLE 11

### 12 CONVERSION AND MERGER

13 SECTION 88. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified  
14 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 500-1101 of Title 54, unless  
15 there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

#### 16 DEFINITIONS.

17 In this article:

18 (1) "Constituent limited partnership" means a constituent  
19 organization that is a limited partnership;

20 (2) "Constituent organization" means an organization that is  
21 party to a merger;

22 (3) "Converted organization" means the organization into which  
23 a converting organization converts pursuant to Sections 89 through  
24 92 of this act;

1       (4) "Converting limited partnership" means a converting  
2 organization that is a limited partnership;

3       (5) "Converting organization" means an organization that  
4 converts into another organization pursuant to Section 89 of this  
5 act;

6       (6) "General partner" means a general partner of a limited  
7 partnership;

8       (7) "Governing statute" of an organization means the statute  
9 that governs the organization's internal affairs;

10       (8) "Organization" means a general partnership, including a  
11 limited liability partnership; limited partnership, including a  
12 limited liability limited partnership; limited liability company;  
13 business trust; corporation; or any other person having a governing  
14 statute. The term includes domestic and foreign organizations  
15 whether or not organized for profit;

16       (9) "Organizational documents" means:

17           (A) for a domestic or foreign general partnership, its  
18 partnership agreement;

19           (B) for a limited partnership or foreign limited  
20 partnership, its certificate of limited partnership  
21 and partnership agreement;

22           (C) for a domestic or foreign limited liability company,  
23 its articles of organization and operating agreement,  
24

1 or comparable records as provided in its governing  
2 statute;

3 (D) for a business trust, its agreement of trust and  
4 declaration of trust;

5 (E) for a domestic or foreign corporation for profit, its  
6 articles of incorporation, bylaws, and other  
7 agreements among its shareholders which are authorized  
8 by its governing statute, or comparable records as  
9 provided in its governing statute; and

10 (F) for any other organization, the basic records that  
11 create the organization and determine its internal  
12 governance and the relations among the persons that  
13 own it, have an interest in it, or are members of it;

14 (10) "Personal liability" means personal liability for a debt,  
15 liability, or other obligation of an organization which is imposed  
16 on a person that co-owns, has an interest in, or is a member of the  
17 organization:

18 (A) by the organization's governing statute solely by  
19 reason of the person co-owning, having an interest in,  
20 or being a member of the organization; or

21 (B) by the organization's organizational documents under a  
22 provision of the organization's governing statute  
23 authorizing those documents to make one or more  
24 specified persons liable for all or specified debts,

liabilities, and other obligations of the organization solely by reason of the person or persons co-owning, having an interest in, or being a member of the organization; and

(11) "Surviving organization" means an organization into which one or more other organizations are merged. A surviving organization may preexist the merger or be created by the merger.

SECTION 89. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 500-1102 of Title 54, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

CONVERSION.

(a) An organization other than a limited partnership may convert to a limited partnership, and a limited partnership may convert to another organization pursuant to this section and Sections 90 through 92 of this act and a plan of conversion, if:

(1) the other organization's governing statute authorizes the conversion;

(2) the conversion is not prohibited by the law of the jurisdiction that enacted the governing statute; and

(3) the other organization complies with its governing statute in effecting the conversion.

(b) A plan of conversion must be in a record and must include:

(1) the name and form of the organization before conversion;

(2) the name and form of the organization after conversion; and

1 (3) the terms and conditions of the conversion, including the  
2 manner and basis for converting interests in the converting  
3 organization into any combination of money, interests in the  
4 converted organization, and other consideration; and

5 (4) the organizational documents of the converted organization.

6 SECTION 90. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified  
7 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 500-1103 of Title 54, unless  
8 there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

9 ACTION ON PLAN OF CONVERSION BY CONVERTING LIMITED PARTNERSHIP.

10 (a) Subject to Section 97 of this act, a plan of conversion  
11 must be consented to by all the partners of a converting limited  
12 partnership.

13 (b) Subject to Section 97 of this act and any contractual  
14 rights, after a conversion is approved, and at any time before a  
15 filing is made under Section 91 of this act, a converting limited  
16 partnership may amend the plan or abandon the planned conversion:

17 (1) as provided in the plan; and

18 (2) except as prohibited by the plan, by the same consent as  
19 was required to approve the plan.

20 SECTION 91. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified  
21 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 500-1104 of Title 54, unless  
22 there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

23 FILINGS REQUIRED FOR CONVERSION; EFFECTIVE DATE.

24 (a) After a plan of conversion is approved:

1       (1) a converting limited partnership shall deliver to the  
2 Secretary of State for filing articles of conversion, which must  
3 include:

- 4           (A) a statement that the limited partnership has been  
5 converted into another organization;
- 6           (B) the name and form of the organization and the  
7 jurisdiction of its governing statute;
- 8           (C) the date the conversion is effective under the  
9 governing statute of the converted organization;
- 10          (D) a statement that the conversion was approved as  
11 required by the Uniform Limited Partnership Act of  
12 2009;
- 13          (E) a statement that the conversion was approved as  
14 required by the governing statute of the converted  
15 organization; and
- 16          (F) if the converted organization is a foreign  
17 organization not authorized to transact business in  
18 this state, the street and mailing address of an  
19 office which the Secretary of State may use for the  
20 purposes of subsection (c) of Section 92 of this act;  
21 and

22       (2) if the converting organization is not a converting limited  
23 partnership, the converting organization shall deliver to the  
24 Secretary of State for filing a certificate of limited partnership,



1 which must include, in addition to the information required by  
2 Section 19 of this act:

3 (A) a statement that the limited partnership was converted  
4 from another organization;

5 (B) the name and form of the organization and the  
6 jurisdiction of its governing statute; and

7 (C) a statement that the conversion was approved in a  
8 manner that complied with the organization's governing  
9 statute.

10 (b) A conversion becomes effective:

11 (1) if the converted organization is a limited partnership,  
12 when the certificate of limited partnership takes effect; and

13 (2) if the converted organization is not a limited partnership,  
14 as provided by the governing statute of the converted organization.

15 SECTION 92. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified  
16 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 500-1105 of Title 54, unless  
17 there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

18 EFFECT OF CONVERSION.

19 (a) An organization that has been converted pursuant to this  
20 article is for all purposes the same entity that existed before the  
21 conversion.

22 (b) When a conversion takes effect:

23 (1) all property owned by the converting organization remains  
24 vested in the converted organization;

1       (2) all debts, liabilities, and other obligations of the  
2 converting organization continue as obligations of the converted  
3 organization;

4       (3) an action or proceeding pending by or against the  
5 converting organization may be continued as if the conversion had  
6 not occurred;

7       (4) except as prohibited by other law, all of the rights,  
8 privileges, immunities, powers, and purposes of the converting  
9 organization remain vested in the converted organization;

10       (5) except as otherwise provided in the plan of conversion, the  
11 terms and conditions of the plan of conversion take effect; and

12       (6) except as otherwise agreed, the conversion does not  
13 dissolve a converting limited partnership for the purposes of  
14 Article 8 of this act.

15       (c) A converted organization that is a foreign organization  
16 consents to the jurisdiction of the courts of this state to enforce  
17 any obligation owed by the converting limited partnership, if before  
18 the conversion the converting limited partnership was subject to  
19 suit in this state on the obligation. A converted organization that  
20 is a foreign organization and not authorized to transact business in  
21 this state appoints the Secretary of State as its agent for service  
22 of process for purposes of enforcing an obligation under this  
23 subsection. Service on the Secretary of State under this subsection  
24

1 is made in the same manner and with the same consequences as in  
2 subsections (c) and (d) of Section 17 of this act.

3 SECTION 93. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified  
4 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 500-1106 of Title 54, unless  
5 there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

6 MERGER.

7 (a) A limited partnership may merge with one or more other  
8 constituent organizations pursuant to this section and Sections 94  
9 through 96 of this act and a plan of merger, if:

10 (1) the governing statute of each of the other organizations  
11 authorizes the merger;

12 (2) the merger is not prohibited by the law of a jurisdiction  
13 that enacted any of those governing statutes; and

14 (3) each of the other organizations complies with its governing  
15 statute in effecting the merger.

16 (b) A plan of merger must be in a record and must include:

17 (1) the name and form of each constituent organization;

18 (2) the name and form of the surviving organization and, if the  
19 surviving organization is to be created by the merger, a statement  
20 to that effect;

21 (3) the terms and conditions of the merger, including the  
22 manner and basis for converting the interests in each constituent  
23 organization into any combination of money, interests in the  
24 surviving organization, and other consideration;

1 (4) if the surviving organization is to be created by the  
2 merger, the surviving organization's organizational documents; and

3 (5) if the surviving organization is not to be created by the  
4 merger, any amendments to be made by the merger to the surviving  
5 organization's organizational documents.

6 SECTION 94. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified  
7 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 500-1107 of Title 54, unless  
8 there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

9 ACTION ON PLAN OF MERGER BY CONSTITUENT LIMITED PARTNERSHIP.

10 (a) Subject to Section 97 of this act, a plan of merger must be  
11 consented to by all the partners of a constituent limited  
12 partnership.

13 (b) Subject to Section 97 of this act and any contractual  
14 rights, after a merger is approved, and at any time before a filing  
15 is made under Section 95 of this act, a constituent limited  
16 partnership may amend the plan or abandon the planned merger:

17 (1) as provided in the plan; and

18 (2) except as prohibited by the plan, with the same consent as  
19 was required to approve the plan.

20 SECTION 95. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified  
21 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 500-1108 of Title 54, unless  
22 there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

23 FILINGS REQUIRED FOR MERGER; EFFECTIVE DATE.  
24

1 (a) After each constituent organization has approved a merger,  
2 articles of merger must be signed on behalf of:

3 (1) each preexisting constituent limited partnership, by each  
4 general partner listed in the certificate of limited partnership;  
5 and

6 (2) each other preexisting constituent organization, by an  
7 authorized representative.

8 (b) The articles of merger must include:

9 (1) the name and form of each constituent organization and the  
10 jurisdiction of its governing statute;

11 (2) the name and form of the surviving organization, the  
12 jurisdiction of its governing statute, and, if the surviving  
13 organization is created by the merger, a statement to that effect;

14 (3) the date the merger is effective under the governing  
15 statute of the surviving organization;

16 (4) if the surviving organization is to be created by the  
17 merger:

18 (A) if it will be a limited partnership, the limited  
19 partnership's certificate of limited partnership; or

20 (B) if it will be an organization other than a limited  
21 partnership, the organizational document that creates  
22 the organization;

23

24

1 (5) if the surviving organization preexists the merger, any  
2 amendments provided for in the plan of merger for the organizational  
3 document that created the organization;

4 (6) a statement as to each constituent organization that the  
5 merger was approved as required by the organization's governing  
6 statute;

7 (7) if the surviving organization is a foreign organization not  
8 authorized to transact business in this state, the street and  
9 mailing address of an office which the Secretary of State may use  
10 for the purposes of subsection (b) of Section 96 of this act; and

11 (8) any additional information required by the governing  
12 statute of any constituent organization.

13 (c) Each constituent limited partnership shall deliver the  
14 articles of merger for filing in the Office of the Secretary of  
15 State.

16 (d) A merger becomes effective under this article:

17 (1) if the surviving organization is a limited partnership,  
18 upon the later of:

19 (A) compliance with subsection (c) of this section; or

20 (B) subject to subsection (c) of Section 24 of this act,  
21 as specified in the articles of merger; or

22 (2) if the surviving organization is not a limited partnership,  
23 as provided by the governing statute of the surviving organization.  
24

1       SECTION 96.       NEW LAW       A new section of law to be codified  
2 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 500-1109 of Title 54, unless  
3 there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

4       EFFECT OF MERGER.

5       (a)   When a merger becomes effective:

6       (1)   the surviving organization continues or comes into  
7 existence;

8       (2)   each constituent organization that merges into the  
9 surviving organization ceases to exist as a separate entity;

10       (3)   all property owned by each constituent organization that  
11 ceases to exist vests in the surviving organization;

12       (4)   all debts, liabilities, and other obligations of each  
13 constituent organization that ceases to exist continue as  
14 obligations of the surviving organization;

15       (5)   an action or proceeding pending by or against any  
16 constituent organization that ceases to exist may be continued as if  
17 the merger had not occurred;

18       (6)   except as prohibited by other law, all of the rights,  
19 privileges, immunities, powers, and purposes of each constituent  
20 organization that ceases to exist vest in the surviving  
21 organization;

22       (7)   except as otherwise provided in the plan of merger, the  
23 terms and conditions of the plan of merger take effect;  
24

1 (8) except as otherwise agreed, if a constituent limited  
2 partnership ceases to exist, the merger does not dissolve the  
3 limited partnership for the purposes of Article 8 of this act;

4 (9) if the surviving organization is created by the merger:

5 (A) if it is a limited partnership, the certificate of  
6 limited partnership becomes effective; or

7 (B) if it is an organization other than a limited  
8 partnership, the organizational document that creates  
9 the organization becomes effective; and

10 (10) if the surviving organization preexists the merger, any  
11 amendments provided for in the articles of merger for the  
12 organizational document that created the organization become  
13 effective.

14 (b) A surviving organization that is a foreign organization  
15 consents to the jurisdiction of the courts of this state to enforce  
16 any obligation owed by a constituent organization, if before the  
17 merger the constituent organization was subject to suit in this  
18 state on the obligation. A surviving organization that is a foreign  
19 organization and not authorized to transact business in this state  
20 appoints the Secretary of State as its agent for service of process  
21 for the purposes of enforcing an obligation under this subsection.  
22 Service on the Secretary of State under this subsection is made in  
23 the same manner and with the same consequences as in subsections (c)  
24 and (d) of Section 17 of this act.



SECTION 97. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 500-1110 of Title 54, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

RESTRICTIONS ON APPROVAL OF CONVERSIONS AND MERGERS AND ON RELINQUISHING LLLP STATUS.

(a) If a partner of a converting or constituent limited partnership will have personal liability with respect to a converted or surviving organization, approval and amendment of a plan of conversion or merger are ineffective without the consent of the partner, unless:

(1) the limited partnership's partnership agreement provides for the approval of the conversion or merger with the consent of fewer than all the partners; and

(2) the partner has consented to the provision of the partnership agreement.

(b) An amendment to a certificate of limited partnership which deletes a statement that the limited partnership is a limited liability limited partnership is ineffective without the consent of each general partner unless:

(1) the limited partnership's partnership agreement provides for the amendment with the consent of less than all the general partners; and

(2) each general partner that does not consent to the amendment has consented to the provision of the partnership agreement.

1 (c) A partner does not give the consent required by subsection  
2 (a) or (b) of this section merely by consenting to a provision of  
3 the partnership agreement which permits the partnership agreement to  
4 be amended with the consent of fewer than all the partners.

5 SECTION 98. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified  
6 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 500-1111 of Title 54, unless  
7 there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

8 LIABILITY OF GENERAL PARTNER AFTER CONVERSION OR MERGER.

9 (a) A conversion or merger under this article does not  
10 discharge any liability under Sections 38 and 58 of this act of a  
11 person that was a general partner in or dissociated as a general  
12 partner from a converting or constituent limited partnership, but:

13 (1) the provisions of the Uniform Limited Partnership Act of  
14 2009 pertaining to the collection or discharge of the liability  
15 continue to apply to the liability;

16 (2) for the purposes of applying those provisions, the  
17 converted or surviving organization is deemed to be the converting  
18 or constituent limited partnership; and

19 (3) if a person is required to pay any amount under this  
20 subsection:

21 (A) the person has a right of contribution from each other  
22 person that was liable as a general partner under  
23 Section 38 of this act when the obligation was  
24

1 incurred and has not been released from the obligation  
2 under Section 58 of this act; and

3 (B) the contribution due from each of those persons is in  
4 proportion to the right to receive distributions in  
5 the capacity of general partner in effect for each of  
6 those persons when the obligation was incurred.

7 (b) In addition to any other liability provided by law:

8 (1) a person that immediately before a conversion or merger  
9 became effective was a general partner in a converting or  
10 constituent limited partnership that was not a limited liability  
11 limited partnership is personally liable for each obligation of the  
12 converted or surviving organization arising from a transaction with  
13 a third party after the conversion or merger becomes effective, if,  
14 at the time the third party enters into the transaction, the third  
15 party:

16 (A) does not have notice of the conversion or merger; and

17 (B) reasonably believes that:

18 (i) the converted or surviving business is the  
19 converting or constituent limited partnership;

20 (ii) the converting or constituent limited partnership  
21 is not a limited liability limited partnership;  
22 and

23 (iii) the person is a general partner in the converting  
24 or constituent limited partnership; and

1       (2) a person that was dissociated as a general partner from a  
2       converting or constituent limited partnership before the conversion  
3       or merger became effective is personally liable for each obligation  
4       of the converted or surviving organization arising from a  
5       transaction with a third party after the conversion or merger  
6       becomes effective, if:

7               (A) immediately before the conversion or merger became  
8               effective the converting or surviving limited  
9               partnership was not a limited liability limited  
10              partnership; and

11             (B) at the time the third party enters into the  
12              transaction less than two (2) years have passed since  
13              the person dissociated as a general partner and the  
14              third party:

15               (i) does not have notice of the dissociation;

16               (ii) does not have notice of the conversion or merger;  
17               and

18               (iii) reasonably believes that the converted or  
19               surviving organization is the converting or  
20               constituent limited partnership, the converting  
21               or constituent limited partnership is not a  
22               limited liability limited partnership, and the  
23               person is a general partner in the converting or  
24               constituent limited partnership.

SECTION 99. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 500-1112 of Title 54, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

POWER OF GENERAL PARTNERS AND PERSONS DISSOCIATED AS GENERAL PARTNERS TO BIND ORGANIZATION AFTER CONVERSION OR MERGER.

(a) An act of a person that immediately before a conversion or merger became effective was a general partner in a converting or constituent limited partnership binds the converted or surviving organization after the conversion or merger becomes effective, if:

(1) before the conversion or merger became effective, the act would have bound the converting or constituent limited partnership under Section 36 of this act; and

(2) at the time the third party enters into the transaction, the third party:

(A) does not have notice of the conversion or merger; and

(B) reasonably believes that the converted or surviving business is the converting or constituent limited partnership and that the person is a general partner in the converting or constituent limited partnership.

(b) An act of a person that before a conversion or merger became effective was dissociated as a general partner from a converting or constituent limited partnership binds the converted or surviving organization after the conversion or merger becomes effective, if:

(1) before the conversion or merger became effective, the act would have bound the converting or constituent limited partnership under Section 36 of this act if the person had been a general partner; and

(2) at the time the third party enters into the transaction, less than two (2) years have passed since the person dissociated as a general partner and the third party:

(A) does not have notice of the dissociation;

(B) does not have notice of the conversion or merger; and

(C) reasonably believes that the converted or surviving organization is the converting or constituent limited partnership and that the person is a general partner in the converting or constituent limited partnership.

(c) If a person having knowledge of the conversion or merger causes a converted or surviving organization to incur an obligation under subsection (a) or (b) of this section, the person is liable:

(1) to the converted or surviving organization for any damage caused to the organization arising from the obligation; and

(2) if another person is liable for the obligation, to that other person for any damage caused to that other person arising from the liability.

SECTION 100. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 500-1113 of Title 54, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

ARTICLE NOT EXCLUSIVE.

This article does not preclude an entity from being converted or merged under other law.

## ARTICLE 12

### MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

SECTION 101. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 500-1201 of Title 54, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

#### UNIFORMITY OF APPLICATION AND CONSTRUCTION.

In applying and construing the Uniform Limited Partnership Act of 2009, consideration must be given to the need to promote uniformity of the law with respect to its subject matter among states that enact it.

SECTION 102. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 500-1202 of Title 54, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

[Reserved]

SECTION 103. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 500-1203 of Title 54, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

RELATION TO ELECTRONIC SIGNATURES IN GLOBAL AND NATIONAL COMMERCE ACT.

The Uniform Limited Partnership Act of 2009 modifies, limits, or supersedes the federal Electronic Signatures in Global and National

1 Commerce Act, 15 U.S.C., Section 7001 et seq., but the Uniform  
2 Limited Partnership Act of 2009 does not modify, limit, or supersede  
3 Section 101(c) of the federal Electronic Signatures in Global and  
4 National Commerce Act or authorize electronic delivery of any of the  
5 notices described in Section 103(b) of that act.

6 SECTION 104. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified  
7 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 500-1204 of Title 54, unless  
8 there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

9 [Reserved]

10 SECTION 105. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified  
11 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 500-1205 of Title 54, unless  
12 there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

13 [Reserved]

14 SECTION 106. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified  
15 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 500-1206 of Title 54, unless  
16 there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

17 APPLICATION TO EXISTING RELATIONSHIPS.

18 (a) Before July 1, 2008, the Uniform Limited Partnership Act of  
19 2009 governs only:

20 (1) a limited partnership formed on or after November 1, 2009;  
21 and

22 (2) except as otherwise provided in subsections (c) and (d) of  
23 this section, a limited partnership formed before November 1, 2009,  
24 which elects, in the manner provided in its partnership agreement or



1 by law for amending the partnership agreement, to be subject to the  
2 Uniform Limited Partnership Act of 2009.

3 (b) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (c) of this  
4 section, on and after July 1, 2008, the Uniform Limited Partnership  
5 Act of 2009 governs all limited partnerships.

6 (c) With respect to a limited partnership formed before  
7 November 1, 2009, the following rules apply except as the partners  
8 otherwise elect in the manner provided in the partnership agreement  
9 or by law for amending the partnership agreement:

10 (1) Subsection (c) of Section 4 of this act does not apply and  
11 the limited partnership has whatever duration it had under the law  
12 applicable immediately before November 1, 2009.

13 (2) The limited partnership is not required to amend its  
14 certificate of limited partnership to comply with paragraph (4) of  
15 subsection (a) of Section 19 of this act.

16 (3) Sections 52 and 53 of this act do not apply and a limited  
17 partner has the same right and power to dissociate from the limited  
18 partnership, with the same consequences, as existed immediately  
19 before November 1, 2009.

20 (4) Paragraph (4) of Section 54 of this act does not apply.

21 (5) Paragraph (5) of Section 54 of this act does not apply and  
22 a court has the same power to expel a general partner as the court  
23 had immediately before November 1, 2009.

1 (6) Paragraph (3) of Section 63 of this act does not apply and  
2 the connection between a person's dissociation as a general partner  
3 and the dissolution of the limited partnership is the same as  
4 existed immediately before November 1, 2009.

5 (d) With respect to a limited partnership that elects pursuant  
6 to paragraph (2) of subsection (a) of this section to be subject to  
7 the Uniform Limited Partnership Act of 2009, after the election  
8 takes effect the provisions of the Uniform Limited Partnership Act  
9 of 2009 relating to the liability of the limited partnership's  
10 general partners to third parties apply:

11 (1) before July 1, 2008, to:

12 (A) a third party that had not done business with the  
13 limited partnership in the year before the election  
14 took effect; and

15 (B) a third party that had done business with the limited  
16 partnership in the year before the election took  
17 effect only if the third party knows or has received a  
18 notification of the election; and

19 (2) on and after July 1, 2008, to all third parties, but those  
20 provisions remain inapplicable to any obligation incurred while  
21 those provisions were inapplicable under subparagraph (B) of  
22 paragraph (1) of this subsection.

1       SECTION 107.       NEW LAW       A new section of law to be codified  
2 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 500-1207 of Title 54, unless  
3 there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

4       SAVINGS CLAUSE.

5       The Uniform Limited Partnership Act of 2009 does not affect an  
6 action commenced, proceeding brought, or right accrued before the  
7 Uniform Limited Partnership Act of 2009 takes effect.

8       SECTION 108.       REPEALER       54 O.S. 2001, Sections 141, 142,  
9 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155,  
10 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168,  
11 169, 170, 174, 177, 178, 181, 301, 302, as amended by Section 38,  
12 Chapter 253, O.S.L. 2008, 303, as amended by Section 39, Chapter  
13 253, O.S.L. 2008, 304, 305, 305.1, 306, 307, 308, 309, as amended by  
14 Section 40, Chapter 253, O.S.L. 2008, 310, 310.1, as amended by  
15 Section 41, Chapter 253, O.S.L. 2008, 310.2, as last amended by  
16 Section 42, Chapter 253, O.S.L. 2008, 310.3, as last amended by  
17 Section 43, Chapter 253, O.S.L. 2008, 311, as amended by Section 44,  
18 Chapter 253, O.S.L. 2008, 311.1, as last amended by Section 45,  
19 Chapter 253, O.S.L. 2008, 312, 313, 314, as amended by Section 46,  
20 Chapter 253, O.S.L. 2008, 315, 316, 317, 318, 319, 320, 321, 322,  
21 323, 324, 325, 326, 327, 328, 329, 330, 331, 332, 333, 334, 335,  
22 336, 337, 338, 339, 340, 341, 342, 343, 344, 345, 346, 347, 348,  
23 349, 350, 350.1, 351, 352, 353, 353.1, 353.2, 353.3, 354, as amended  
24 by Section 47, Chapter 253, O.S.L. 2008, 355, 356, 357, 358, 359,

1 360, 361, 362, 363, 364 and 365 (54 O.S. Supp. 2008, Sections 302,  
2 303, 309, 310.1, 310.2, 310.3, 311, 311.1, 314 and 354), are hereby  
3 repealed.

4 SECTION 109. This act shall become effective November 1, 2009.

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